INSURANCE
Indian Companies expect full support from the people.
I 1

REGD. NO. B. 1065.

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY.

INSURANCE
Much more can be done in 1930 and our companies will do better.
I 2

VOL. XVIII NO. 245- BOMBAY FRIDAY OCTOBER 31 1930. PRICE ONE ANNA.

CONGRESS OFFICES IN CITY AGAIN RAIDED

—:o:—

"Blue Badgers" Disappear From The "Field"

ALL NIGHT VIGIL BY WOMEN PICKETERS AT CHARNI ROAD

Shopkeepers' Attempt To Take Away Goods At Night Foiled

Some of the foreign cloth shops that were kept open in the Fort were picketed by women volunteers of the Hindustani Seva Dal. Similarly the warehouses belonging to Messrs. E. Spinner and Co., Tamarine Lane, and Messrs. Grindlay and Co., Ballard Estate, were again picketed by women volunteers.

Shortly after the appearance of the pickets Messrs. E. Spinner and Co. closed the doors of their warehouse. The "blue badge" pickets were nowhere to be seen.

ALL NIGHT VIGIL

Picketing of a foreign silk and lace shop was continued till midnight on Wednesday at New Charni Road as the women volunteers of the Hindustani Seva Dal came to know that some of the shop-keepers, specially the owners of Kapadia Blouse Mart, intended to cart away a large quantity of foreign piece-goods as consignment to an Indian State. Miss K. Natrajan, who was in charge of the women volunteers decided to be at the post of duty all threghout the night and see that no piece of cloth left the shop. She along with other comrades kept an all night vigil at Charni Road, after a full eight hours duty in the evening. Miss Natrajan and her batch of volunteers were relieved in the morning of Thursday by Miss Bhachuben Wagle and her volunteers. The picketing of the shops at Charni Road during the night continued even on Thursday. Picketing by women volunteers of the Hindustani Seva Dal and Desh Sevikas by shifts of shows has been arranged till the shop-keeper promise not to go back on their word.

An incident which led to the shop being intensively picketed ocuurred in the evening. In spite of the appeals of the lady picket posted at the shop, a Parsi woman entered it and made some purchases. While she was leaving the shop the picket again tried to persuade her to return the goods. Thereupon, she flew into a passion and gave a slap to the picket. The volunteer did not retaliate, but the incident created a sensation.

Large crowds collected near the shop and the police also made their appearance. The shop was picketed till its doors were closed at midnight.

BHULESHWAR CONGRESS HOUSE RAIDED.

In the early hours of Thursday morning the police raided the "Congress House" recently opened opposite the Bhuleshwar Fire Brigade. They removed a board bearing the name "Congress House" and also a national flag, but could get hold of nothing else in the room.

RAID ON CARNAC BUNDER BRANCH.

Great excitement prevailed when the police raided the special Branch Office of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee at Carnac Bunder at 7 a.m. The police removed the Congress flag and the board and arrested Sjt. S. K. Samant, the Secretary of the Branch.

A new national flag was promptly hoisted by some workers in the presence of the police, and a large number of dock-workers.

JAILED FOR THE FIFTH TIME.

Pundit Jawaharlal President of the Indian National Congress who was sentenced to 2 years' rigorous imprisonment and an aggregate fine of Rs. 700 or in default five months imprisonment.

NON-VIOLENCE WITH A VENGEANCE

IF THERE WERE NO GANDHI

Chattopadhyaya's Impressions After Seeing Harrowing Sights In Congress Hospital

Sjt. Harindranath Chattopadhyaya, the President of the "War" Council, after visiting the Congress Hospital has issued the following statement:—

"When I walked through the wards of the Congress Hospital, after the notorious lathi charge on the memorable Flag Salutation Day, I came face to face with a typical example of Non-Violence with a vengeance. I stood before the bed of a brave Sikh, who lay with deep wounds on his body, but eyes brilliant with the courage of a brave unbroken and unbreakable soldier! Round his waist was a girdle and in it was his "Kirpan", as quiet and as powerful as its owner!

THE HOLY COMMAND.

That suffering soldier was gazing at a picture on a fan, the picture of Mahatmaji and pointing to it, addressed me: "Baba (Sir), what shall we do? What can we do? Sir, we are ordered by this man to observe the ritual of Non-Violence—this man whom the whole world worships. It is his holy command That is why we obey. But look, Sir, here is my Kirpan! It is this man's command that we should be Non-Violent!"

IF THERE WERE NO GANDHI!

These words brought tears to my eyes and set me wondering as to whether the strength and the courage behind Non-Violence were greater than or equal to that behind violence! And what masters of violence these brave non-violent men could and would be if there were no Gandhi to control them!

SOME CONSOLATION INDEED!

—:o:—

Benn Entertains R. T. C. Delegates

PRINCES CONFER IN LONDON

LONDON, Oct. 30.

The Indian Princes met at the Maharaja of Bikanir's hotel this morning. They expect to discuss agenda throughout the day.

Mr. Benn entertained the Indian delegates to the Imperial Conference at dinner at the House of Commons last night.—Reuter.

BALDWIN STILL GOING STRONG

Tories Vote For His Leadership

LONDON, Oct. 30.

The meeting of the Conservative Party at Caxton Hall voted by 460 votes to 116 in favour of Mr. Baldwin's leadership.—Reuter.

Mrs. Bruce Leaves For Rangoon

—:o:—

AKYAB, Oct. 30

The Hon. Mrs. Victor Bruce and Aviator Oscar Garden arrived here at noon left for Rangoon at 12-30 p.m.—A. P.

EARTHQUAKE IN ITALY

—:o:—

Number Of Houses Collapse In Ancona

22 KILLED : 60 INJURED

LONDON, Oct. 30.

Rome.— Twenty-two persons have been killed in Senigallia district and two killed and 60 injured in Ancona as result of the earthquake at 8 this morning.

Much material damage has been caused in the west of the province of The Marches. A number of houses have collapsed in Ancona The authorities have undertaken rescue work.—Reuter.

INDIAN AIR LINER CRASHES

None Injured

LONDON, October 30.

Le-Bourget.—Message from Boulogne says that the air mail liner from India crashed near Boulogne at midday due to engine trouble. The liner was wrecked, but four passengers and pilot and mechanic were merely bruised. All passengers were men. Their names are given as: Bolsover, Tomkins, James and Street.—Reuter.

MR. BRAILSFORD LEAVES FOR DELHI

—:o:—

His Tour To Uttarsanda With Mr. Garrett

INQUIRY INTO ALLEGED POLICE EXCESSES

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 30.

Mr Brailsford who has been touring in Gujarat is leaving today for Delhi. He spent two days in a village in Kaira District.

He went yesterday to the village of Uttarsanda, accompanied by Mr. Mahadev Desai, Secretary of Mahatma Gandhi, and Mr. Garrett, Revenue Commissioner. It is alleged that peasants were beaten in this village by police and Mr. Brailsford wanted to make personal enquiries with the help of the Revenue Commissioner.—A. P.

PANDIT MOTILAL.

—:o:—

REPLY TO BANGALORE INVITATION.

BANGALORE, Oct. 27.

The following telegram has been received from Pandit Motilal Nehru, by the Bangalore District Congress Committee in reply to their invitation requesting him to go over to Bangalore to recoup his health:

"Thanks. I am improving. Will consider Bangalore if change necessary."

Women Know How To Defend Their Honour

"GOVT. MAY RULE OVER OUR BODIES; CONGRESS RULES OVER OUR HEARTS"

MAMMOTH AZAD MAIDAN MEETING PAYS TRIBUTE TO JAWAHARLAL

For the first time after the lapse of two weeks since the declaration of the B. P. C. C. and other local organisations as unlawful bodies, a mammoth meeting with all the paraphernalia like loud speakers, lights and a dais with the tri-coloured National Flag proudly fluttering in the air was held on the Azad Maidan on Thursday evening.

The meeting was convened by the Bombay Marwari Youth League and was further announced by writings on the streets and large crowds thronged the Maidan about an hour before the time.

The object of the meeting was to congratulate Pandit Jawaharlal on the savage sentence awarded to him and to condemn the lathi charges on last Sunday on the Maidan and the consequent ill treatment of women Satyagrahis by the police.

A YOUNG PRESIDENT.

Sjt. Krishnagopal Tapadia, the young president of the Marwari Youth League, presided and Sjt. Jamnadas Dwarkadas, Mrs. Lilavati Munshi and several other speakers addressed the meeting.

The speakers congratulated Pandit Jawaharlal on his great sacrifices and condemned the lathi charges and insulting treatment to women on last Sunday and declared that no amount of repression would crush the movement.

CARRY ON THE GOOD FIGHT.

The speakers further exhorted the audience to carry on the good fight for freedom under the banner of the Congress till their efforts were crowned with success.

Emphatic appeals were made to cloth merchants not to retrace their steps at this critical moment and to young collegians to plunge headlong in the fight.

POLICE KEEP AWAY.

The proceedings lasted for about two hours without any interference by the police or any untoward incident. The termination was marked by enthusiastic scenes and tumultous national cries.

BOMBAY—BOSTON OF INDIA.

Sjt. Jamnadas Dwarkadas said that the best way to congratulate Pandit Jawaharlal was to follow in his footsteps. He exhorted every young man and woman, especially the collegians of Bombay, to pay a homage to that "uncrowned King of India" who had sacrificed his all in this fight for freedom, by emulating his example.

He paid a tribute to Bombay which he said was the Boston of India's War of Independence and observed that the Citizens of Bombay could very well be proud of it. Still he did not think that they had paid the full price of freedom and exhorted the audience to be prepared to lay their lives for the noble cause that was now before them.

Sjt. Madanlal, son of Sjt. Govindlal Shivlal, laid stress on the practical work, as in his opinion making of speeches was no more required.

"CONGRESS RULES OVER OUR HEARTS."

The Government may rule over our bodies, but it is the Congress which rules over our hearts" declared Mrs. Lilavati Munshi who followed amidst deafening cheers. She said she was not there to condemn the excesses of the police because it was not for a Satyagrahi to complain. She congratulated Pandit Jawaharlal and the Citizens of Bombay who thronged the Azad Maidan on Sunday morning despite the ban on the flag salutation ceremony and the definite warning of the police that severe steps would be taken against those who defied the ban. "It only showed that the Congress rules over the hearts of the Citizens of Bombay. Truly it is the Congress alone to which we owe allegiance", she added.

INSULTING INDIAN WOMANHOOD

Referring to the insulting treatment to women Satyagrahis she asked what would have happened if an Englishwoman were treated like that. They dared not do that in any free country. They insulted Indian womanhood because Indians were slaves in their own country.

Proceeding further Mrs. Munshi referred to the rumours that some prominent citizens were hesitating to sign the requisition to be sent to the Sheriff to call a public meeting. In her opinion there was no need for any such meeting. The time had come when women must know how to save their honour and she declared that they were prepared for it. "You men need not worry about it. If you are not sufficiently strong, keep aloof and leave the work of winning freedom for Mother India to us her daughters. We are determined to achieve it" she added amidst applause from the large number of women present.

INDIAN HONOUR IS CHEAP!

Sirdar Ram Singh Akali said that when the Pathans abducted an English girl Miss Ellis the Government spent several lakhs of rupees from the Indian treasury to capture the Pathans and to rescue the girl but how strange it was that the sergeants and policemen who were paid out of Indian revenue dared to insult Indian women.

Mrs. Gangaben Patel drew an analogy between the insult to Draupadi and to Sita on the one hand and to Indian women by the agents of Britain on the other and said that Britain would have to pay a heavy penalty.

Sjt. M. M. Katrak a member of the "People's Battalion" referred to Mr. H. D. Raja's arrest and said that even though he was arrested the Battalion would live and continue to function.

Several other speakers also addressed the meeting and exhorted the audience to carry on the struggle.

WAITING FOR SARDAR'S RELEASE

—:o:—

Sjt. Sen Gupta Not Naming Successor?

NEW DELHI, 30.

It is understood that Mr. Sen Gupta is not appointing his successor as the Acting President of the Congress in view of the impending release of Sardar Vallabhai Patel.

YOUTH OF 19 JAILED FOR 15 MONTHS

—:o:—

Panvel Congress Leader Receives Sentence Cheerfully

(From A Correspondent.)

PANVEL, Oct. 29.

Sjt. Prabhakar Keshavrao Gupte, a youth of 19 who was the "Dictator" of Panvel Taluka Congress Committee, when it was declared illegal, and opened the New Congress House was sentenced to 15 months' hard labour on Thursday.

He surrendered at Panvel Police Station on 23rd October when he heard there was a warrant against him. He was taken to Alibag under special arrangements to stand his trial. He was charged under Section 172 Criminal Law Amendment Act, before Mr. Kaundinya, Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Kolaba District, who convicted him to 15 months' rigorous imprisonment. He received the sentence cheerfully.

SEVIKA'S ALL-NIGHT VIGIL

—:o:—

Two Gharries Of Foreign Stuff Picketed

New Charni Road where there are a number of foreign cloth and silk shops which are regularly picketed by women volunteers was a scene of considerable excitement on Wednesday night. At about 7 p.m. when the Sevikas were picketing there, the owner of the shop known as "Kapadia Blouse Emporium" loaded two gharries with foreign silk packages worth, it was alleged, Rs. 30,000 and was on the point of taking them away. The Sevikas requested him not to remove the foreign cloth from the shop but he turned a deaf ear to their entreaties. He informed them that he was taking away the stock of foreign silks to the Vankaner State to sell them there and thus save the Sevikas the trouble of picketing. It was pointed out to the owner that foreign silks which should not be sold in Bombay should not be transferred to Vankaner State which was also part of India. On his remaining admant, the women about 15 of them placed themselves before the horses and prevented the carriages from being driven. A huge crwd collected and the situation was tense with excitement. The owner seeing and turn the situation had taken promptly gave orders to unload the packages which was accordingly done and they were taken inside the shop. After a secret consultation among the owner and the employees of the shop, it was closed unusually early. The women volunteers suspecting that the goods would be removed during the night kept an all-night vigil. The packages were not removed.

THE GREAT IMPERSONAL

—:o:—

A WORD FOR THE HUMBLE POOR AND UNKNOWN HERO

The habit of the people of raising cries of "Mahatma Gandhi-ki-Jai" or "Jawaharlal-ki-Jai" or "Kamaladevi-ki-Jai", strikes me as being both absurd and dangerous. It tends to narrow the conception of national liberty, by focussing the attention and the imagination of the people on a few personalities and names which, after all, are an infinitesimal fraction of the nation.

BAN THESE SLOGANS.

I think, it is high time that we put a ban on such cries and encourage only those which will continually create in the people the larger vision of liberty as for instance, "Inquilab Zindabad". It may be argued that hero-worship is a weakness with the people. But it is inexcusable in these days, when everyone of us, however humble, poor, and unknown should be a hero.

H. CHATTOPADHYAYA.
President, "War" Council.
B. P. C. C.

Bombay, Oct. 30.

BYCULLA PROCESSION AND MEETING

—:o:—

On behalf of the Bharatiya Desh Sevika Sangh a procession of about 100 ladies started from Gaikwadwada at 4-30 p.m. on Thursday. Singing national songs. The procession passed through Harnies Road, Delisle Road, Jacob Circle, and Lal Baug, and returned at 6-30 p.m. Mrs. Ghodekar Gaik-

(Continued on page 3.)

Satyagraha Activities In Gujrat.

PEASANTS DETERMINATION TO CARRY OUT GANDHIJI'S BEHEST

(From Our Correspondent.)

SURAT, Oct. 29.

The Swarajya Ashram of Surat was declared illegal and confiscated according to the ninth Ordinance. Some persons, who were not the members, but who used to sleep overnight, were arrested by the police, of whom the following four persons have filed their statements in the court before the Magistrate, in which they have denied any connection with the Swarajya Ashram, but at the same time they have shown their willingness to suffer the highest term of imprisonment in case they are convicted inspite of their being not guilty.

The names of the four persons are:—

Sjts. Uttamchand Dipchand Shah, Gigabhai Somabhai Patel, Prabhudhai Chhibabhai Patel, and Tulsidas Vithaldas.

MOTOR USED BY SARDAR CONFISCATED

Now Used By Commissioner

(From Our Correspondent.)

SURAT, Oct. 29.

The motor, which was used by Sardar Vallabhbhai when in Bardoli, was confiscated recently, and now it is used by Mr. Garret, the Commissioner, when going round the Taluka.

At Rayam the valuable articles confiscated by the police are auctioned out, at very cheap prices.

In Jalalpore Taluka Sjts. Nathubhai, Khushalbhai, Vallabhbhai Lalbhai and Ambelal Bhimbhai were sentenced to six months rigorous imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 20, or in default one month's additional imprisonment.

Ahmedabad Volunteer Arrested

(From A. Correspondent.)

MODASA, Oct. 28.

One volunteer from Ahmedabad has come here. He toured in the neighbouring villages and advised the peasants not to pay land revenue. Some days back he had delivered a similar speech at Sakaria, and for that the police wanted to arrest him. He personally surrendered to the police. The next day he was garlanded by the residents.

A procession was taken out in which national literature was freely distributed. Then a meet-

(Continued on page 3.)

CLASSIFIED ADVTS.

Fill up your WANTS here on payment of

Rupee ONE

For First Sixteen Words and

ONE ANNA

For each Additional Word. Terms:—CASH with Order.

INSTRUCTIONS.

The full name and address of the advertiser is required, not necessarily for publication.

Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box number. The words "Apply Box No. ..... Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle", to be paid for.

Answers to Advertisements should be addressed as follows: Box Number ..... Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle" Office, Bombay.

Unclaimed replies to advertisements are destroyed after one month.

Situations Vacant.

WANTED—GERMAN, AMERICAN or JAPANESE EXPORT FIRMS to do the business in Myrobulantude or country galls on a very large scale. Good profits also a capitalist with rupees twenty thousand is required. Good contracts assured. Apply Box No. 29, Poona City.
A R 3559

WANTED—COOK-BUTLER, Hindu experienced vegetarian cooking and general attendance for American bachelor 9—9-30 a. m.; 5th Floor WESTEND WATCH CO., Building.
A R3553

WANTED—WEAVING MASTER, having full practical experience. Apply with copies of testimonials, stating age and lowest salary expected to Box No. 382 Advt., Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R3523

WANTED SEVERAL ORGANISING Managers on a salary of Rs. 100 per month to distribute loans in Mofussil according to Loan Scheme of the Bank. More than Rs. 1,00,000 (One Lakh) have been invested during the last few months. Only the selected candidates shall get the full particulars. No personal interview will be allowed before selection. Application stating qualifications and age should be forwarded to the Calcutta office of the Bank The MIDLAND BANK (INDIA) LTD., 8, Canning Street, Calcutta.
A

Situations Wanted

YOUNG, hardworking duly qualified Civil and Sanitary Engineer London qualification's needs employment. Terms moderate. Apply stating terms to Box No. 392, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
B R3552

Houses & Flats To Let.

TO LET—AIRY BLOCKS at IMPERIAL MANSIONS, Ripon Road, Parsi Statue, Byculla. Rent Rs. 60, 46, 43. Apply on premises.
C R3547

TO LET—GODOWN near Princes Dock on Frere Road Tram Line suitable also for factory or workshop. Apply sharp JAMNADAS MEGHJI. Telephone No. 20413.
C R3538

TO LET—Superior OFFICE PREMISES on the first and second floors of Bombay House, Bruce Street, Fort, Central business locality close to all Banks. Any area from 2000 to 6000 sq. ft. Latest sanitary arrangements. Apply Mr. MISTRI, 2nd floor, same building.
C 1891

Educational

WANTED—STUDENTS for Accountancy, Secretarial Practice, Shorthand, Typing. For full particulars, apply PRINCIPAL, GREGG COLLEGE, Ahmedabad.
E 1781

ACCOUNTANCY ASSOCIATE London diploma in one month taught free by Post December Examination. Apply prospectus PAITHANKER 262 Budhwar, Poona City.
M R3343

Motors and Accessories

ONE 1929 FORD CAR X 3909, run 10,000 Miles, in very good condition, with five tyres as good as new. Rs. 1300; no offers. Apply AMERICAN AUTOMOBILE CO., Opp. Marine Lines Station, Bombay.
JA R3541

Machinery, Tools, Etc.

FOR SALE—MACHINERY such as German made Dying plants, Mercerizing machines. Electric generating portable plant, etc., Apply sharp Post Box 928.
C R3540

FOR SALE—PRESS MACHINERY, Iron Beams, Girders, Rams suitable for Factories, etc., also a large quantity of old Iron Building and other materials. Apply Post Box 928.
N R 3539

Loans

WANTED—PARTNER to invest Rs. 5,000/- in Cinema House business, attractive income. Apply Box No. 390, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
L R3549

Medical.

BANISH DISEASE and acquire RADIANT HEALTH very easily. Apply Box No. 388, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
M R3545

For Sale.

500 WAGONS FIRE WOOD, 500 wagons charcoal, 50,000 Poles timber ready and 25 wagons match wood ready for sale at Katni G. I. P. Ry. station. Gentlemen interested in purchase should apply for quotations and other particular to:—SETH ABDULKADAR DADABHAI, Katni, C. P.
T R 3537

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch. per insertion.
1st Insertion	... Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	... Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	... Rs. 4-8-0
0th and Subsequent Insertion	... Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittance in advance and state clearly, whether they wish to insert their Advertisements in these columns or in the classified Short Advertisement columns.

NOTICE.

THE POWER OF ATTORNEY given by me to Mr. Salebhoy Shaikh Tyebbhoy Kothari has been REVOKED from to-day.

Persons dealing with him on my behalf will do so at their own risk and cost.

(Sd.) M. N. TYEBALLY.
R3564

NOTICE.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

THE ESPLANADE BANDSTAND will be CLOSED further from SATURDAY, the 1st to 14th November, 1930, on account of renovation of the lawn. There will be no Band performance during this period.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner,
For the City of Bombay,
D. S. LAUD,
Superintendent,
Municipal Gardens.

Victoria Gardens' Office,
Byculla, Bombay,
Dated 30th October, 1930.
1905

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

IN PURSUANCE of a requisition received under Section 36 (d) and (h) of the Municipal Act, for calling a SPECIAL MEETING of the Corporation to protest against the cruel treatment meted out to the public by the Police on the 26th October, 1930, and the unbecoming behaviour of the Police towards the ladies on that day, a Special Meeting of the Corporation will be held in the Municipal Office on THURSDAY, the 6th November, 1930, at 4 p.m. (Bombay Time).

By Order of the President,
R. P. DESAI,
Municipal Secretary.

Municipal Corporation Office,
Bombay, 30th October, 1930.
1906

Public Notices

THE STANDARD MILLS CO., LTD. (In Voluntary Liquidation.)

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Company shall be held at the Registered Office of the Company, at 4-0 p.m. (S. T.) on TUESDAY, the 11th day of November, 1930, to consider and pass the following Resolutions as Extraordinary Resolutions:—

(1) That the Liquidators be and they are hereby authorized to settle the Suits No. 309 of 1928 and No. 404 of 1928 filed by Messrs. Tata Sons Limited, against the Standard Mills Co., Ltd. (In Voluntary Liquidation) for Rs. 2,53,300/- and that the Liquidators do make payment of the sum on behalf of the Company, to Messrs. Tata Sons Limited, and get the two Suits dismissed.

2. That the Liquidators be and they are hereby authorized to enter into an agreement with Messrs. The Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Co., Ltd., for electric supply to the Mills for a term of eight years, on the terms and conditions offered by the Power Company, as per their letter of the 23rd August 1930, and print of agreement laid on the table at the Meeting.

Should the above Resolutions be duly passed by the requisite majority, the same will be submitted for confirmation at a subsequent General Meeting of which Notice will be given in due course.

MAFATLAL GAGALBHAI,
NAVINCHANDRA MAFATLAL,
Liquidators.

Dated this 30th Day of October, 1930.
Rustom Buildings,
29, Churchgate Street,
Fort, Bombay.
1904

Legal Notices.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 1169 of 1930.

BELL AND CO., LIMITED ..... Plaintiffs

vs.

(1) NERVIGHNAPRASAD NARHAR THAKORE, (2) HIMATLAL MOHANLAL SHROFF and (3) MASHAR JIVANLAL GIRDHARLAL ..... Defendants.

To,

MASHAR JIVANLAL GIRDHARLAL, Esquire, The 3rd Defendant abovenamed.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the Plaintiffs abovenamed have filed this suit against you and others for decree for the sum of Rs. 5,214-7-4 with interest at 9 per cent. per annum on Rs. 5,124-7-4 from 9th July, 1929, till Judgment costs and interest on Judgment at 6 per cent. per annum; and

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that you are summoned by the High Court to appear in the Court on the 17th day of December, 1930, at 11 o'clock, Standard Time, in person or by an Advocate with all your witnesses and documents. The day fixed for your appearance is appointed for the final disposal of the suit and in default of your appearance as aforesaid the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Dated this 30th day of October 1930.

SAMANT AND CO.,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.
1905

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.

No. 282 and 723 of 1922.

Re: MAHOMED HASEAM & CO., a firm
and
M. H. MADDAN & CO., a firm ..... Insolvents.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that a 2ND and FINAL DIVIDEND is intended to be declared in the above matter. If you do not establish your claim to the satisfaction of the Court on or before the 15th day of November, 1930, your claim will be expunged, and the undersigned will proceed to make a final dividend, without regard to such claim.

Dated this 27th day of October, 1930.

P. B. MALABARI,
Official Assignee of Bombay.
Official Assignee's Office,
High Court, Bombay.

To,
The CREDITORS of the Insolvent-firms abovenamed.
1890

Amusements.

THE CAPITOL
Coming Very Soon!

Lawrence TIBBETT in THE ROGUE SONG

"Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer All TALKING PICTURE"

ENTIRELY in TECHNICOLOUR.

TO-DAY AT
Cinema Majestic
Imperial's Most Popular Super
MADHURI
starring
SULOCHANA

LOOK OUT!
For the Epoch making
Imperial Super Special
WRATH
Starring
SULOCHANA
directed by
Chaudhari.

Auction Sales.

MESSRS. BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT MAIN ROAD, DADAR OPP. GOLD MOHUR MILLS.

Under instructions from Messrs. Payne & Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagees and on account and risk of the Mortgagor, Mr. Shamsudin Mahomedali and pursuant to the power of sale reserved to the Mortgagees under the Indenture of Mortgage dated the 19th October 1922, Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will (THIS DAY) FRIDAY, the 31st instant at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction on the premises:—

All that piece of Foras land (together with the premises standing thereon) situate at Main Road, Dadar admeasuring about 9162 sq. yards, bearing Collector's Old No. 98, New No. B12322 etc., New Survey No. 12024 Cadastral Survey No. 61 and assessed by the Municipality under F Ward No. 768 (1) Street No. 123 F (North), Ward No. 781 (1) Street No. 141 and bounded on the North by a public passage, on the South by the property of Khatizabai, wife of Haji Mahomed Madni, on the West by Main Road, Dadar and on the East by the Improvement Trust property.

The structures standing on the land are not included in the sale.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Payne & Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagees or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

Amusements.

RIALTO CINEMA
TO-MORROW 4, 6-15, 8-15 and 10-15 P. M.

GRAND DOUBLE ATTRACTION!
Miss BLANCHE & Miss VICTORIA
FOREMOST AMONG EGYPTIAN AND INDIAN DANCERS, and the recipients of several gold medals from two GOVERNORS and ten MAHARAJAHS.
IN ORIENTAL DANCES
IN CONJUNCTION WITH
A Mahavir Production featuring
MISS MANI and MASTER SHANKER.

THE CAPITOL
THE LAST DAY at 6-30 and 10 p. m.
GLORIOUS REVIVAL OF MIRACLE FILM!

Sunday will See the Downfall of an Autocratic Rule
The high-handed system of administration carries within its womb the germs of its own destruction
BUT
The process of that destruction is expedited by progressive mass-forces
AND
Exactly this did happen against a mighty monarch of yore, who was hailed as
'TYRANT'
SURYA FILM Co.'s (Banglore) unrivalled production revealing the irresistible tide of popular will against tyrannic rule.
TIME:—Two Shows on Sunday Night 9 & 11 (S.T.)
COMMENCING FROM SUNDAY AT
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

PATHE
Daily 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PHYUIS HAVER
IN
THE SHADY LADY
THE STREETS of MYSTERY
The most interesting Travel film ever shown.
MICKY MOUSE and PATHE GAZETTE.

EMPIRE THEATRE
6-30 and 10 p.m.
THE FAMILY UPSTAIRS.
featuring
VIRGINIA VALLI
ALSO UNIVERSAL SERIAL
TARZAN THE TIGER
Concluding Episodes

EXCELSIOR THEATRE
6-30 and 10 p.m.
The Greatest Mystery Thriller ever Screened
ON TRIAL.
featuring
PAULINE FREDERICK
BERT LYTELL
LOIS WILSON
The Most Tensely Appealing Story that takes you into the Heart of an amazing murder-Trial and then through all the events that led up to it.
WARNER BROS. 100 per cent.
Talking Drama.

THE CAPITOL
TO-MORROW.

Joan CRAWFORD in Untamed

Hear JOAN CRAWFORD Talk and Sing!

GLOBE CINEMA
Sandhurst Road,
To-night 5-15, 7, 8-45 and 10-30
FRED THOMSON
IN
"The Mask of Lopez"
NEXT SATURDAY.
Imprisoned in a room, chained to wall, guarded by police—how did he escape? See
EDDIE POLO
IN
A MATTER OF LIFE AND DEATH

RIALTO CINEMA
THE LAST DAY
at 6-30 and 10 p. m.
MAY McCOY
CHARLES RAY
in
The FIRE BRIGADE
A story of Mother Love and the Heroes of Peace.

EMPRESS THEATRE
6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.
WALLACE BEERY,
RAYMOND HATTON,
The Irrepressible Comedians
PARTNERS IN CRIME
A Riot from Start to Finish.

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BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS

T.-DAY'S INDIAN RADIO PROGRAMME.

12 noon: Gramaphone records.
7 p.m. Selected music (vocal) and instrumental.)

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE .. DEATH

BISNI—Dr. Furdoonji Nusserwanji, L.M.S., J.P., father of Dr. Sorabji and Dr. Meherjibhoy expired on Thursday evening. Funeral to-day (Friday) morning 8 a.m. at Shirin Mansion, Byculla.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT.

We have received a ear-off calendar for Samvat 1987 from Messrs. Salemahomed Padamse & Co., Bombay.

MARKETS CLOSED.

Many of the important markets remained closed on Thursday owing to the heavy sentence inflicted on Pundit Jawaharlal Nehru.

CHRISTIANITY & INDIAN NATIONALISM.

Under the auspices of the Nationalist Christian Party a Public Lecture will be delivered by Mr. N. Gupta, on "Christianity and Indian Nationalism" to-morrow (Saturday) at 6-15 p.m. at the Nagpada Neighbourhood House, Byculla.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The O. S. K. Steamer "Shunko Maru" left Moji for Bombay on Oct. 30 and is due on November 25 via usual ports.

The outward P. & O. Mail Steamer "Mooltan" with the mails from London of the 23rd instant arrived at Port Said at 7 a.m. on the 29th instant and left there at Noon the same day.

The P. & O. Mail Steamer "Malwa" with the Mails from Bombay of 28th instant arrived at Aden at 7-30 p.m. on the 29th instant and left there at 11-30 p.m. the same day.

The O. S. K. Steamer "Borneo Maru" left Singapore for Bombay on October 27 and is due on November 9 via Belawan Deli and Colombo.

BOMBAY STUDENTS' SWADESHI EXHIBITION

French Bridge Road, Chaupatty.
It gives you the best opportunity to encourage Swadeshi. It provides an evening's recreation. Art Gallery, and Lele's Exhibition are worth paying a visit
A Merry-Go-Round for Children.

Mysterious Death Of Mahomedan Labourer

Mystery surrounds the death of a Mahomedan labourer named Babu Shaikh Kader residing at Mahim, whose body was found in a pool of blood on Wednesday afternoon near Matunga. The body was made almost unidentifiable owing to numerous stab wounds. The police made enquiries and arrested one Imam, a Mahomedan, on suspicion. It appeared from the evidence of Kulsumbai, widow of the deceased, that the deceased went out on Wednesday morning with Imam, but did not return home as usual. In the evening when she asked Imam about her husband, he replied that he had gone to Santa Cruz with a trunk and would come home late at night. As Imam did not turn up till the next morning, Imam was again approached by Kulsumbai, when he promised to enquire about the deceased. Later on the widow learnt that her husband was murdered and she identified the body at the morgue. After the identification evidence the Coroner adjourned for further enquiry.

Council Boycott In C. P.

(From Our Correspondent.)
YEOTMAL, Oct. 27.

The Council Elections which were to be boycotted, have created a great sensation in the town. Mr. M. P. Kolhe, ex-dictator of "Yeotmal District War Council" having given his nomination for the C. P. Council, the seat for Yeotmal East rural. There was a great sensation in Yeotmal town to learn the views of the "War Council.' The District War Council has decided to boycott the Council Elections and has distributed leaflets asking voters not to go to the polling stations in view of the present condition of the Indian Nation, when men of ability are required in the fight for freedom of the mother country, and leaders like Sjt. Aney and others are in jail.

SUPDT SABAJIRAO RETIRES

Thursday's Bombay Government Gazette publishes the following: Mr. J. Simmons, Inspector of Police, Bombay City, to be Superintendent of the Police Bombay City, vice R. B. Sabajirao G. Savant, retiring from 28th October.

"PRABHAT PHERIS ASSISTING WAR "COUCIL'S" OPERATIONS"

—:o:—

"Congress Not Laying Cards On Table"

MR. DASTUR'S DICTUM

"The Congress do not always keep their cards on the table. They only do it when publicity helps them." These were the remarks made by Mr. H. P. H. Dastur, Chief Presidency Magistrate during the hearing of a case in which Ganpat Keshav Chavan and six others stood charged under Section 17 clause 1 of the Criminal Law Amendment Act on Thursday.

The accused were arrested on October 16 when going in a Prabhat Pheri Procession and were charged with assisting the operations of the Akhila Bharat Prabhat Pheri Sangh which had been declared an illegal association.

It will be remembered that the prosecution case was closed at the last hearing and the case was postponed to call defence witnesses.

At the outset Mr. Thanawalla, on behalf of the prosecution, requested the court to have Inspector Chowdhary examined as a prosecution witness.

Mr. Chhatrapati who appeared for five of the accused objected to Mr. Chowdhary being called in as a witness at this stage when the prosecution had closed the case. The Magistrate overruled the objection and Mr. Chowdhary was examined.

"OMNIPOTENT C. I. D."

The witness gave a review of the Congress activities since February last when Mr. Chattrapatti questioned the relevancy of the evidence.

Magistrate: I don't know what the omnipotent or omniscient C. I.D. is going to say. (Laughter.)

Mr. Thanawala at this stage stated that he wished to alter the charge against the accused and that he wanted the accused to be charged with assisting the operations of the B.P.C.C. and the "War Council."

Mr. Chhatrapati objecting stated that the prosecution had not contemplated this charge as was evident that so far the accused had been charged with assisting the operations of the Akhila Bharat Prabhat Pheri Sangh only.

The Magistrate opined that he would have to recall all the witnesses if the charge was going to be altered.

POLITICAL ASPECT OF HINDU FESTIVALS.

Cross examined by Mr. Chhatrapathi witness stated that every Hindu Festival nowadays had got a political aspect.

Replying to another question witness stated that he knew from one of his Congress friends that the B. P. C. C. had organised the Prabhat Feries.

Mr. Chhatrapathi:—who is your Congressman? What is his name?

Witness hesitated for some time and addressing the Magistrate said "I would seek protection from the Court."

The Police Prosecutor observed that the information could not be divulged.

Mr. Chhatrapathi pointed out that as the witness had got information from a friend and not from an informant he could give the name.

As Mr. Chatrapathi wished to argue on this point he requested the Court to ask the witness to go out of the Court.

The Magistrate complied with the request.

Mr. Chhatrapati remarked that it would greatly help the interest of justice if the name asked for was given.

Magistrate: It would not.

Mr. Chhatrapati: If ever a Congressman has given the information which I very much doubt his name must be given and added that the Congress used to keep all its cards on the table.

Magistrate: "Not a bit" and then said "At least not in all cases."

"They did not lay the cards on the table at all times. They only did it when publicity would help them. See for exaample the breach of Salt Law. It was a good stunt for the Congressmen and they gave good publicity to it.

The Magistrate held that he could not compel Mr. Chowdhary to give the information.

Mr. Chowdhary was then recalled and further cross-examined.

MR. CHATRAPATI ADDRESSES COURT.

After some defence evidence was tendered Mr. Chatrapati addressed the court on behalf of the defence. He said that there was no evidence at all in this case that the accused were members of an unlawful assembly.

As regards assisting the operations of such an assembly he contended that an illegal body might have as its operations some activities which may be perfectly legitimate and highly elevating. These activities were not sought to be banned by the Government.

He further stated that the defence had adduced evidence to show that the Prabhat Pheri to which they belonged came into existence long before the Akhil Bharat Prabhat Pheri was formed. There was no evidence that the Pheri to which the accused belonged was amalgamated to the Akhil Prabhat Pheri. Therefore, the prosecution, he said, had failed to prove the case.

Judgment was reserved till November 4.

CONGRESS ACTIVITIES IN BOMBAY

(Continued from page 1.)

wad, Miss. Meher, Mrs. Sunderabai and many other ladies of the locality took part.

Mrs. Yamonabai Ghodekar, made a speech exhorting the ladies to take to Swadeshi, and follow the example set by the Bardoli people by sacrificing there all and even their homes.

After the national song was sung meeting was dissolved.

CAPTAIN POONAWALA JAILED.

Mr. Yakub Poonawala, Captain of Congress Muslim volunteers, was placed before Mr. I. N. Mehta Presidency Magistrate in the Girgaum Court on Thursday afternoon. He was charged under Section 17 (1) of the Criminal Law Amendment Act for being member of an unlawful association.

The accused refused to take any part in the proceedings.

The Magistrate found him guilty and sentenced to six months rigorous imprisonment.

Another Congress volunteer who was placed before the same Court and was charged for selling Congress Bulletins was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment.

"MEMBER OF UNLAWFUL BODY"

—:o:—

Carnac Rd. B. P. C. C. Secretary Jailed

Sjt. Sriram K. Samant, Secretary of the Special Branch of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, Carnac Road, was placed before Mr. H. P. H. Dastur, Chief Presidency Magistrate on Thursday and charged under section 17 (1) of the Criminal Law Amendment Act with being member of an unlawful association.

Mr. Thanawala, police prosecutor stated that the accused was arrested that morning at the office of the B. P. C. C. at Carnac Road which was doing Congress work amongst dock workers.

FLAGS PRODUCED IN COURT.

Deputy Inspector Parker in his evidence stated that he raided the office at 7 a.m. and arrested the accused. He produced the national flags seized during the raid.

The Magistrate asked the accused if he was the Secretary of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee Carnac Road, to which he replied in the affirmative.

The accused told the Court that a few days ago he fell from his cycle and suffered a fracture of the arm. He asked for permission of the Court to get it medically treated.

The Magistrate found the accused guilty and sentenced him to six months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 50 or in default further 6 weeks' imprisonment.

SIRDAR PARTAP SINGH.

The Secretary of the Akali Dal, Bombay, writes:—

"Sirdar Ishar Singh having some urgent piece of private business to attend to at his native place in the Punjab has resigned the presidentship of the Akali Dal, Bombay. S. Partap Singh has again been elected as President of the Akali Dal, Bombay."

Chinese Victim Of Lathi Charge

—:o:—

"War" Council President Offers Deepest Regret

It has been brought to the notice of the President of the Bombay "War" Council that on Sunday the 26th October, 1930, a citizen of the great country of China, most ancient neighbour of India, was the victim of the lathi charge on the occasion of the National Flag salutation ceremony. The President of the "War" Council can only offer Chinese brethren his deepest regret for not being able to protect Chinese brethren in the country.

EXPLOITS OF "PEOPLE'S SOLDIERS"

—:o:—

Leaflets Smuggled Into Docks

POLICE FOILED BY TACTICS

To forestall the activities of the "soldiers" of the People's Battalion in the docks, by means of which they were successful in completely stopping the unloading work in the docks yesterday for two hours, the City Police made arrangements on Thursday morning, to see that they did not get any entrance into the docks at all. When three "soldiers" of the Battalion went to the docks yesterday morning they saw all the gates guarded by posses of policemen. Trying to secure entrance into the Princess Dock by the Blue Gate they were stopped by six policemen who were stationed there since early morning to examine and search every individual getting into the docks. The three "soldiers," though they had not donned the usual badges of the Battalion, were thus accosted by the police at the Blue Gate and asked to exhibit the contents of the small parcels (which contained copies of the leaflet addressed to the dock workers, they were carrying. On their refusal they were refused entrance and driven away.

SMUGGLING IN LEAFLETS.

On this the volunteers returned to a far off place and within a few minutes had smuggled themselves, without the police knowing their identity, through the Blue Gate into the Alexandra Docks. They had also, smuggled in heaps of the leaflet which two of them distributed to all the workers in the sheds. There was stoppage of work for a time.

The third volunteer having been recognised by the police was followed by two constables. But while he kept them engaged the other two volunteers of whose entrance the police knew nothing, were carrying on their work briskly. After a time the third volunteer left the docks but the other two who went from shed to shed have not been traced. It is not yet known if they have been arrested.

Consequent on the picketing of Government offices by the Battalion they are being guarded by the police. This has now been followed by guarding the docks also.

PEOPLE'S BATTALION LEADER ARRESTED.

—:o:—

Mr. H. D. Rajah In Lock-Up

At about 5-30 p.m. on Thursday as Mr. H. D. Rajah and D. K. Bhatt were leaving the People's Battalion's office (near Prarthana Samaj), to address the Azad Maidan meeting, they were accosted by Mr. Chowdhari, C.I.D. Inspector who declared them arrested. As Mr. Rajah demanded a warrant he was taken back to his office which was searched and he was shown the warrant. By this time 4 or 3 sergeants and a posse of police arrived on the scene and took Mr. Rajah to the Esplanade lock-up.

LATE DR. K. B. SHROFF

—:o:—

(From a Correspondent.)

The news has reached Bombay of the death of Dr. Kavasji Behramji Shroff, L.M. & S., D.P.H., D.T.M. which took place at Marseilles in the British Hospital at the midnight on Friday (24th Oct.)

Dr. K. B. Shroff was Second Senior Assistant to the Executive Health Officer, Bombay, and he retired from 1st April, 1925 after putting in a service of more than 28 years, in different capacities under the Bombay Municipality.

On his retirement, the late Municipal Commissioner, Mr. Clayton, remarked that "Dr. Shroff's retirement will be a severe loss to the Health Department, particularly the Malaria Branch." In appreciation of his excellent services the Corporation sanctioned the usual pension of Rs. 5,000 per annum on his retirement, plus Rs. 2,000 per annum for specially meritorious services.

CHIRNER RELIEF FUND.

—:o:—

The following is a test of the principal donors to the Chirner Relief Fund:—

Rs. 25 Young Worker's League, Bombay; Rs. 101, Dr. Rajaballi Patel, Bombay; Rs. 251, Woolen Cloth Merchants Association, Bombay; Rs. 25, Dr. N. G. Shete, Yeale; Rs. 25, Through Mr. N. B. Chandrachud; Rs. 25, Mr. N. B. Vicail, Hyderabad (Deccan); Rs. 11-4-0, Mrs. Gadre, Agashi; Rs. 15, Through Mr. A. S. Gadre, Agashi; Rs. 74, Through Lady Kasturibai Thakkar Panvel; Rs. 43, Through Miss Vimlabai Gupte.

This sum and several smaller amounts to total Rs. 620.

STOP PRESS.

RESOLUTION OF CONFIDENCE IN BALDWIN.

LONDON, Oct. 30.

Mr. Baldwin outlining his imperial policy (which received support of all present except Lord Beaverbrook) said he had already decided that nothing short of tariff on foreign manufactured goods, would meet situation in British industry. He gave his pledge to introduce one immediately he came into office.

With regard to Imperial Conference he said no leader of Conservative party could have taken any other line than one he took namely acceptance of Dominion premiers' preference offer and expression of willingness to have perfectly free hand to deal. Whole position had completely changed since spring. Conservative party now had logical basis to fight upon. Mr. Baldwin at this point exclaimed, "We cannot of course go on as we have been going on. I will not say more about". Mr. Baldwin then referred to his fiscal policy as policy of free hand.

On the conclusion of his statement Mr. Baldwin asked all supporters of his policy to raise their hands. Beaverbrook's was only hand not raised. Mr. Baldwin continuing said he had been pressed to resign. In some circumstances—he did not say he would have resigned, but he would have considered the matter. He declared, "In the present circumstances I will not give it consideration" (loud and prolonged applause). But if the party after discussion had told him that it desired another leader he would walk out without malice and retire from politics and do nothing to queer pitch for his successor. On the other hand if the meeting endorsed his leadership then he would expect more loyalty than had been shown during the past few months. Mr. Baldwin then retired from meeting amid loud applause. On the conclusion of the meeting resolution of confidence in Mr. Baldwin was unanimously passed.—Reuter

LONDON, Oct. 30.

Rome—Owing to the interruption of communications, it is difficult to obtain exact information from outlying districts, but three more deaths due to earthquake are reported from villages near Ancona. Eight persons were injured at Pessaro, 22 at Mondolfo and six at Fano.—Reuter.

BOMBAY MUSLIMS CELEBRATE "PROPHET DAY"

—:o:—

"Follow In His Footsteps" Exhort Speakers

The "Prophet Day", was celebrated in Bombay on Sunday night at a meeting of Mahomedans under the auspices of the Siratun-Nabi Committee at Sydenham Road, Bombay. Moulvi Abdul Munim Bakza, the Khateeb Saheb of the Jumma Musjid of Bombay, Presided. The President congratulated the organisers of the meeting on their efforts.

Hakim Shamsul Alam, Mr. Mahomed Ahsan, Kazi Ataullah Saheb and Mr. Shaikh Yacoob Ali delivered speeches on the life of the Prophet Mahomed and exhorted the audience to follow in his footsteps and organise themselves. They should be true Muslims by adhering to the principles of Islam. Prayers for the success of Islam by Kazi Ataulla Saheb were offered.

The Bombay Youth League: Sjt. Gangadas Khushaldas Parekh has been nominated as the successor of Sjt. Aziz Hajibhoy Laljee, the First President.

MADRAS, Oct. 30.

It is understood that H. E. the Governor will address a meeting of the local Legislative Council which is fixed for November 18.

Government have received reports from Tanjore and Trichinopoly districts that floods are sub-

Latest Cotton Prices.

(Through the Cotton Information Bureau, 381, Ismail Building 2nd floor, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.)

NEW YORK MARKET.
JANUARY NEW 1931.
New York, Oct. 30.

Previous closing rate ...	11.53
To-day's opening rate ...	11.41
Difference	—.12
To-day's closing rate ...	11.40
Difference	—.13

Broach expectation A-M Rs. 207

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.
JANUARY NEW 1931.
Liverpool, Oct. 30.

Previous closing rate	6.22
To-day's opening rate ...	6.16
Difference	—.06
To-day's closing rate ...	6.14
Difference	—.08

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Alice Building, Hornby Road,
Fort, Bombay.

ATTACHMENTS GALORE IN SURAT.

Houses Raided For Recovering Fines.

(From Our Correspondent.)
SURAT, Oct. 29.

Police raided yesterday at 7 a.m. some of the houses of convicted Congressmen, who were fined along with various terms of imprisonment. The raid was for the purpose of recovering fine by attaching their properties.

From the house of Sjt. Ishwar lal Jamnadas, many utensils were seized to recover a fine of Rs. 100. Similarly from the houses of Sjt. Chhaganlal Thakordas and Sjt. Natvarlal Chhotalal, utensils worth Rs. 275 and Rs. 100 respectively were removed to recover fines of Rs. 100 each.

To recover a fine of Rs. 50 from Sjt. Hitendra a fine table worth of Rs. 250 was taken away from the house of his father, Sjt. Kanaiyalal Desai.

A father living in Surat was deprived of gold bangles worth Rs. 60 to recover the fine of his son, who was arrested at Orpad.

The fine of Rs. 300 of Sjt. Ratanlal Khandwala, the first "Dictator," was recovered by the Fozdar, Mr. Pathak, from Sjt. Manchharam Khandwala, who handed over the key of his safe unwillingly.

Sjt. Ratanlal Jariwala's fine of Rs. 300 was recovered by removing his two cupboards and a fine bed-stead.

The grandfather of Sjt. Natvarlal Shivlal was asked to pay the fine of his grandson, but when he said that he was his grandfather on the maternal side, the police did not touch the property.

In one house, the key of the safe was lost, so it was broken open, but when the police found that it contained nothing, they removed the safe worth Rs. 200 to recover a fine of Rs. 150.

While the raid was going on in the city, the police officers Mr. Pathak, Mr. Malek with two constables and about twenty policemen were watching the raid.

SATYAGRAHA IN GUJRAT

(Continued from page 1.)

ing was held, when Sjt. Chandulal, the dictator read out some paragraphs from the Bombay "Congress Bulletin". Sjt. Purshottamdas the secretary read out a lecture of C. Rajgopalchariar. After saluting the national flag, all present partook of bread (Rotla) of Jawari.

Batches of volunteers are touring the countryside.

Godhra Picketers Jailed

(From A Correspondent.)
GODHRA, Oct. 27.

Case of four volunteers, arrested for picketing the liquor shops, came up yesterday before the Magistrate, when two volunteers were sentenced to four months' rigorous imprisonment, one to three months' rigorous imprisonment, while the fourth named Mansukh Bhura, was given six months' hard labour.

The total number of persons who have gone to jail is 109 upto-date, of which 102 persons have been jailed for picketing liquor shops.

Hartal In Rajpipla

(From A Correspondent.)
RAJPIPLA, Oct. 28.

A hartal was observed here as a protest against the arrest of Pt. Jawaharlal and a procession was taken out. On hearing the arrest of Sjt. Sen-Gupta, a hartal was observed yesterday and a big procession went round the thoroughfares and a meeting was held in the evening, when the speakers protested against the severe lathi charges made on volunteers last Sunday at the Azad Maidan in Bombay.

Congress Activity In Rajkot

(From Our Correspondent.)
RAJKOT, Oct. 28.

A public meeting was held last Sunday, when Sjt. Valji said that some volunteers were required to picket foreign cloth shops. Fifteen volunteers had registered their names there and then. Then he declared that henceforth this maidan would be called Congress Maidan, and it would be used as the office of the Congress Committee. Yesterday national-flag ceremony was performed to celebrate the opening of the new Congress house. He further declared that when Pt. Jawaharlal had come to that place one and a half year ago for the purpose of the Youth Conference many youths had taken vows to serve the motherland, and the present time was fit for them to come out and do their utmost for the country.

Dholera Satyagraha

—:o:—

DHANDHUKA, Oct. 28.
(From A Correspondent.)

The day before yesterday, the local police was found busy in rounding up the volunteers and taking them into custody from various places of their activities. They took them to the Sub-Jail. After detaining them for about four hours their names were taken down; and then they were let off.

The Police have started on an apparently endless task of attachments in Barwala. The police are now busy in attaching property of those who have been fined. As yet no cash has been recovered.

The attached goods of Sardar Hargovind Pandya will be auctioned to-day in Ranpur.

A Buffalo Auctioned For Rs. 7

BORSAD, Oct. 29.

Peasants of Borsad Talcka are living in outlying fields. It is raining here for the last two days, and hence their living has become more uncomfortable. In addition to this, some dacoits rob the peasan's of their corn and sometimes burn the rich harvest.

It is alleged two persons, father and son, were attacked with spears Their relatives have removed them to the dispensary of the Borsad Municipality.

At present a farce of auctioning the confiscated articles is going on at Borsad.

A buffalo worth Rs. 100 was auctioned at seven rupees.

"C" CLASS PRISONERS IN ALLAHABAD JAIL.

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 10.

It is a matter of great regret that Political Prisoners in the Allahabad District Jail are put to severe trouble and humiliation for nothing. News has been received from a very reliable source that the diet that is being supplied to them is hardly fit for an animal. Even the proportionate quantity of salt is denied to them. Those who make any complaint to the Superintendent are punished heavily. A few days ago the Assistant Collector and the District Commissioner visited the Jail. It is said that both the officers went to each barrack and enquired of the prisoners about their diet etc.

Upon this some of the prisoners told them the fact and showed them the food that they were given to eat. The result was that those who had made complaints were beaten, hand cuffed and placed in solitary cells. The prisoners are not given even good water. Young boys are troubled all the more so that they may apologise and their spirit may be crushed.

THE BOMBAY LAW CLASSES.

The oldest Institution for Advocates' Examination RE-OPEN on 3rd November. Lectures in subjects of both groups. New Students can join now. Soman Building, Girgaon, Bombay.

LOST

LOST.—One SECOND CLASS SEASON TICKET in the name of Bomanji Bejenji, between Churchgate and Andheri. If found, please write or see personally B. B. P., C/o "Bombay Chronicle".
PB

NOTICE of REMOVAL.

Dr. Nariman F. Vaid,
D. D. S.

has removed his Dental Office from Apollo Bunder, to No. 267 Hornby Road (opposite Navsari Building).

The Surgery is now equipped with X-RAY apparatus so as to add Radiography to the practice of General Dentistry. 15-10-30.

LOKAMANYA RASHTRIYA KANYASHALA

LOKAMANYA RASHTRIYA KANYASHALA which was formerly located in the Congress House compound has been REMOVED to RAWAL BUILDING NO. 1, 2nd FLOOR OPPOSITE N. POWEL & CO., LAMINGTON ROAD, guardians are requested to send the girls to this place on MONDAY, the 3rd November, 1930, at 10-30 (S.T.) after the Diwali vacation.

S. G. NADKARNI,
Ag: Principal,
Lok. Rashtriya Kanyashala.

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE
FRIDAY, OCTOBER, 31, 1930.

HORROR AND DISGUST.

—:o:—

"The Managing Committee of the Bombay Medical Union looks upon with horror and disgust at the very high percentage (62 per cent) of head injuries inflicted on the public by the Police during their lathi charges on Sunday the 26th October 1930". We congratulate the leaders of the medical profession on passing this resolution. It is their life work to deal with injuries and estimate their seriousness. It was, therefore, natural that they should consider the incidents on Black Sunday. And their reactions of "horror and disgust" are an authoritative condemnation of police behaviour. The Medical Union has done another great service. It has published a table of percentages of injuries on the head received by the Bombay public in lathi charges during the last six months. On June 21, the percentage was 10, on July 11 it was 13, on August 2, 19, while on September 18 it increased only by 1. But in the next lathi charge on Black Sunday the figure jumped up-to as much as 62. Nothing can illustrate more graphically the progressive determination of the police to use more and more force, or the implications underlying the harrowing difference between the last two figures.

The conduct of the police in resorting to lathi charges on Satyagrahis was never justified by law. In the first place the Police Commissioner's ban on the Flag Salutation ceremony was wholly uncalled-for and unwarranted. The ban having been promulgated, the authorities would have amply vindicated themselves and their prestige by making a few arrests. But the Police Commissioner had no legal, much less moral, justification for ordering a lathi charge on non-violent people. As the letter of the Indian Merchants' Chamber to the Government of Bombay points out "the machinery of ordinary Law should be put into effect against those who are found guilty of disturbing public peace"; but the Chamber "cannot help regretting that the guardians of Law and Order should be found to descend to the level of breaking them." It is true thatt the law allows the dispersal of a hostile crowd by the use of minimum force. But the permission is based on the assumption of violence or threatening attitude on the part of the crowd. The Satyagrahis, or for that matter the spectators, are nothing if not perfectly non-violent. Even Sir Ernest Hotson and Messrs. Healy and Wilson will have to acknowledge that not a single policeman was ever threatened with injury. It has, therefore, been a cruel abuse of the law to use "minimum force"—which has usually consisted in beating down Satyagrahis even to the horror of neutral spectators—on men and, in some cases, women who have been quite willing to be arrested. And Black Sunday shows that this abuse is, probably, to be continued, indeed, in an intensified form. The ban, in the first place, was quite uncalled for. But once it was wrongly promulgated, the bloodless alternative of arresting people for a technical breach of law, was open to the Police Commissioner. The mass arrest of 200 volunteers would not have been an utterly new feature in the public life of Bombay.

The Police Commissioner, however, decided to resort to force, force unparalleled in the history of lathi charges in Bombay, force that betrayed unmistakable partiality for the heads of the victims—a partiality, which, as the Indian Merchants Chamber says, "amounts to crippling the injured perhaps for life or, in case of severe blows, a very painful death after some time". Worse than the use of lathi is the treatment of women. We need hardly go over the shocking details save to say that the incidents on Sunday last have made that day the blackest of all days in the history of Bombay. They have rightly evoked a storm of protest. We are glad that our suggestion to call a Sheriff's meeting is being acted upon and that either Sjt. Purshottamdas Thakoredas or Mr. Hoosinbhoy A. Lalji will preside over it. And it is particularly gratifying to find among signatories to the requisition Sardar Sulaiman Cassum Mitha. We advocated, and we welcome, the move because we believe that a comforting faith in the appeal of "noblesse oblige" to the bureaucracy is not going to stop a repetition of Black Sunday. It will only aggravate matters. In a self-governing country a Government which permitted an outrage on humanity such as Bombay witnessed on Sunday would not be allowed to hold office for a single day. India is determined to make such Dyerian exploits by men armed with autocratic powers impossible by becoming mistress in her own house. In the meanwhile it is necessary in the interest of Britain herself that she should know how her agents are seeking to suppress "the insurgene of India's national and racial aspirations" and thus making a reconciliation between the peoples of the two countries impossible. It is, therefore, that we welcome the Sheriff's meeting.

ALL-ROUND DENUNCIATION

Lord Lloyd, who will be long remembered in India as the man whose mal-administration of the affairs of the Presidency of Bombay, led to the infliction of a Reclamation Scheme upon its population, for which it has to pay annually in interest alone to the tune of 20 lakhs, is at it again. He indulged in an "all-round criticism" of the Government of India and of the Indian national movement before a London Conservative gathering. He had "watched the mighty machine of the King's Government insulted and defied". "Sedition" in India had, in his opinion, grown "to rather larger proportions by misgovernment". He is evidently not satisfied with the deluge of Ordinances that have rained down from Simla. He is for still more repression. A failure in Egypt, he was dismissed from his job by a Labour Government, and now he has the effrontery to teach a lesson to Lord Irwin. But he must also be hypocritical enough to drag in a note of altruism. He concluded his homily with: "India stands to lose far more by disorder and sedition than ever we do." The Indians are carrying on a non-violent struggle for freedom and "disorder" does not enter their methods to win Swaraj. Their most potent weapon is the boycott of British goods and time will show who stands to lose by it—Britain or India. But if the achievement of the last four months is an index, Britain certainly will.

CONTINUITY OF POLICY

The fetish of "continuity of policy" which governs the foreign policy of Britain was conveniently trotted out by Mr. MacDonald to soften the hostile criticism of his Government's intentions regarding the political development of Palestine. He said in the Commons on Tuesday in reply to Mr. Baldwin's protest that Britain was "going back on her word" in regard to the Mandate that the Labour Government did not in their White Paper announcing their Palestine policy contemplate "any change of British policy towards the Mandate". Mr Baldwin made an adroit attempt to connect Palestine affairs with Indian. He said: "It was peculiarly dangerous in the present state of whole of Eastern and Oriental World, at a time when we were embarking upon an epoch-making Conference with Indian fellow-subjects, that there should be any doubt with regard to our intention and ability to hold to our word". If Britain's "word" is to be respected in Palestine she must make it good by agreeing to do what she promised in 1917—institute genuine self-government in that land. But whether in Palestine or India; continuity of policy on the part of Britain has come to mean for the peoples of these countries making promises with no intention of fulfilling them.

WHAT THE ACT SAYS

Sir Ghulam Hussain Hidayatullah, Member of the Executive Council of the Governor of Bombay, has been appointed by the Viceroy to be a delegate to the Round Table Conference. In this connection, an A. P. message from Poona stated that "Sir Ghulam Hussain is not resigning his post in order to attend the Conference which means that he is really going as a working member of the Bombay Government." We do not see how under the Government of India Act, 1919, a member of Council can be absent from India and yet function as a "working member." Section 87 of the Acts lays down that if "any member of the Executive Council of a Governor or of a Lieutenant-Governor depart from India" his office "shall thereforе become vacant." Section 92 says that if a temporary vacancy in the office of a Member of an Executive Council occurs, the Governor-General in Council in the case of his own Executive Council, or the Governor in Council, in the case of the Provincial Council, "shall supply the vacancy by appointing a temporary member of Council." The legal position is that a vacancy occurs when a Member of Council "departs from India" and the constitutional and legal aspects of the issue before the Government of Bombay have to be respected by them. An acting incumbent for Sir Ghulam Hossain's post must be found and the selection will have to be that of an Indian.

THE VIOLET OF INDIA.

For garden's beauty, not the rose,
Nor only's the poppy's praise;
But gentle violet's fair pose
Doth also give it grace.
So not alone the wise and great
Are needed in this fray.
And not alone the men of state
Do history make to-day.
I knew her as a college girl,
A fair and pretty maid.
Her lustre as of priceless pearl
In diamonds inlaid.
As woman grown I see her now,
Her girlish charms more grand,
And queenly in her plighted vow
Of service to her land.
Her heart, as then, alive to grief
Which those around her know;
Her hand e'er seeks to give relief
To poverty and woe.
So working early, working late,
This busy one is seen:
Or thorns, or laurels, for her wait,
She ever is serene.

SEVIKA.

"OUT OF THE MOUTHS OF BABES."

Full nine years back our saint did come
His message sweet to preach;
I turned away both deaf and dumb
When a baby did me teach.
I bought my khadi, kept it by
For public wear to use;
My little girl, then five, did sigh,
And sat alone to muse.
Then timid came she me before,
Wet were her pleading eyes:
"Mummie, silk saris wear no more
This khadi is so nice!"
I felt a thrill right in my soul,
Here wisdom speaks, thought I;
And from that day, my dress in whole,
Is khadi till I die.

SEVIKA.

THE NATIONAL FLAG.

Pundit Jawaharlal's Reply To Sikhs.

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 23.

Regarding the incorporation of an additional colour in the National Flag, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru in a reply to Pandit K. Santanam dated October 17, 1930 says:—

Dear Sir,—I am in receipt of your letter of the 15th October informing me that the Punjab P. C. C. has passed a resolution regarding the incorporation of an additional colour in the national flag. Owing to my recent release from jail I have no knowledge of this resolution and do not know if my office has taken any steps in regard to it.

As you are aware the National Congress has not formally adopted the National Flag by a resolution. But practice and convention have certainly made the tri-colour flag at present in use the National Flag of India. The colours of this flag were not meant to represent any community as such. In various countries of Europe there are tri-colour flags but their colours do not represent different communities. None the less some people have certainly stated that these colours represent different communities and I can well appreciate the desire of the Sikhs to have their own particular colour incorporated. This question was discussed at Lahore between Mahatma Gandhi and Sikh leaders. So far as I know Mahatmaji said that he would place the matter for the consideration of the Congress executive. He did not and could not give any undertaking. Since then the country has launched on a vast campaign against the British Government in India and the Congress is involved in a life and death struggle. As you know even our executive has been declared an illegal body. Your own provincial committee and district committee have also been declared illegal. Under the circumstances it is difficult for the All-India Committee to meet just to consider the question of the flag. This question will undoubtedly have to be gone into thoroughly whenever we have an opportunity to do so. But at present it is manifestly impossible for us to do so. Nor would it be fair for any small committee to take upon itself the responsibility of fixing finally what the national flag of India should be. I am afraid, therefore, that the Working Committee is not in a position at present to go into this question much as it appreciates the desire of the Sikhs.

The decision of the Punjab P. C. C. to incorporate an additional colour throughout the Punjab seems to me to have been premature and untimely. If every provincial committee acted separately in this matter we might have a variety of flags. The question can only be decided finally by the National Congress in its annual sessions. I have no doubt that our Sikh friends will appreciate the position of the Congress. We have our backs to the wall and can hardly think of anything but the great fight that we are waging. When victory comes with the joint efforts of all the communities of India it will be for all of us together to evolve a flag which is acceptable to each group and to the nation at large. I have no doubt that no individual or group can make the question of the colour the reason for holding back in the struggle. It seems to me to be doing an injustice to the Sikh community to say that they will not take their rightful part in the war for freedom because of this. Large numbers of brave Sikhs have already joined the soldiers of freedom and faced the enemy. I am sure that all others who have refrained so far will wait no longer now that the fight has become fiercer and more intense.—Yours, sincerely.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU,
President.

Municipal Corporation Adjourns

AS PROTEST AGAINST MRS. GOKHALE'S IMPRISONMENT

The Bombay Municipal Corporation adjourned on Thursday without transacting any business to mark their protest against the conviction of Mrs. Avantikabai Gokhley, a member of the Corporation and Thirteenth President of the "War Council." Mrs. Gokhley, it would be recalled, was arrested on Monday last and convicted the following day.

Miss Bachuben Lotwala moved adjournment of the house which was seconded by Mr. Narayanlal Bansilal.

Mr. H. A. Lalji, President, read a letter dated 28th instant addressed to him by Mrs. Avantikabai Gokhley in which she stated:—"I wish that there should be no adjournment of the meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation on my arrest, as I believe in work and that the time for demonstration is passed."

Mr. H. M. Chowna opposed the resolution and asked the mover and seconder of the resolution to withdraw the resolution out of respect for Mrs. Gokhley. They declined to do so and the president put the proposition to vote and declared it carried.

The Corporation then adjourned till Monday.

The Joseph Baptista Memorial Cottage.

(From A Correspondent.)

In pursuance of a public meeting of Christians held in Bandra on the 5th October, the Committee appointed to suggest a suitable memorial to perpetuate the memory of the late Mr. Joseph Baptista have decided to construct a double cottage in the Nasik Catholic Sanatorium grounds to be called "The Joseph Baptista Memorial Cottage" specially meant for Christians who cannot afford to go to expensive places for a change of air. The Committee under the chairmanship of Mr. J. F. Pereira, B.A. (Ag. Chief Accountant of the Bombay Port Trust), consists of influential people belonging to all sections of Christians. On the Committee, there are among others, Messrs. F. A. C. Rebello, J.P. (retired Deputy Accountant-General), Joseph Selwyn, J.P. (President of the Nasik Catholic Sanatorium), Terence Nunes, representing the Malabar Catholic Association, Joseph Alex. Dias, Solicitor, Mr. T. Buell, J.P., of the American Marathi Mission, etc.

The cost of the proposed Cottage is estimated roughly at Rs. 10,000. Friends and admirers of the late Mr. Joseph Baptista who devoted so much of his time and energies for the welfare of Bombay in particular and India in general, who wish to subscribe to the proposed memorial are requested either to send their contributions to one of the Committee members or to me. All subscriptions, however small, will be thankfully received and acknowledged in the public Press.

ECHOES AND WHISPERS.

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AFTER THE CHARGE: THE PROPHECY FULFILLED.

(BY PROMENEUR.)

'The whisper of a nation,' says that wielder of a truthful as well as gallant pen, Mr. H. N. Brailsford, "is as audible as the Viceroy's decree." There is a prophetic quality in this allusive phrase, so characteristic of fine-writing and it is vindicated, in the fullest measure, by the events that took shape after Mr. Brailsford's words were set up in print.

It is as well that the exquisite sensibility of this Knight-errant of the pen was spared the tremendous shocks that passed through the serried ranks of humanity as the familiar, if equally terrible, word 'lathi charge' was brought from Azad Maidan. There are human emotions, silent but dynamic, that never hesitate to forego the pride of prophecy .....

I have never seen the horror of a 'lathi' charge enacted before my eyes, though, it may be, moral cowardice. Nor can I ever gloat over its shocking cruelty, as some of my colleagues and friends do. I do not envy them. The experience is, I imagine, like the boxer's ordeal of the knock out or, probably, like the pangs of maternity. The fundamental has no appeal for me, nor the heroic pose of a stoic endurance. And, one has, in any case, only one heart to break.

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The sun rose this Sunday morning with a dark suggestion of presentiment. Light filtered through dull, dirty masses of cirra. The air was chilly and depressing. Nature appeared to have assumed the garb of mournfulness that best suited to the mood that prevailed in the grey streets of the city.

Some mighty whisper, it seemed, had floated down these streets that drew little crowds at every corner and on the pavement. The silent humanity that dwelt inside the tall buildings was likewise drawn out into view. There was not much traffic of vehicles in the streets and the pedestrian influx had lessened unusually for a Sunday morning. Demos was stirred in a strange way and stood static, frozen into silence with the highest intensity of excitement imaginable.

The silence remained unbroken even when a motor car dashed into view round the corner. An ambulance stretcher lay in it with a human form, bloody and bandaged. Half a dozen young men and a woman shared the car. It was followed, in a few minutes' time, by a big ambulance car with its silken curtains fluttering and the funereal bell ringing langourously. It too, contained bleeding maimed men.

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Men and women waited patiently in their balconies or windows for this sorry consummation of their fears. Demos in this city, at least, has its patrician ranks as well as proletarian: but both, used to long series of happenings of this kind, show a manner that refutes all the recognised traits of behaviour. The outburst of its emotion is marked by the absence of outward demonstration—a phenomenon that puzzles and impresses all those who entertain certain notions about mob feeling or fury.

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The main incidents which had ended with the hurrying ambulance-cars were over by the time one reached the theatre of action. It was hard to believe that the 'ant-hill' of Congress House was really dug out of existence as the eye ranged over the statuesque humanity that populated the outskirts of the Maidan, furnishing one of those sights that speak more eloquently than words of the passion of the nation's whisper and the response it draws out of human hearts.

The masses of Khadi-clad humanity had blotted out the ordinary aspects of the tall buildings. They were poised immobile, statue

(Continued on next page.)

ON TRACK OF THE SUBTERRANEAN BLUE

A PAGE FROM BOMBAY'S TRADE UNION HISTORY.

(BY "A BREVET-RANKER".)

I have been following, with keen interest, the speculations regarding the origin of the volunteer "organisation" that recently launched the so-called anti-Boycott campaign to the accompaniment of the apparently inexplicable Anglo-Indian Press publicity and, while this journal has adequately exposed the "shady" activities to the public view, certain correspondence that recently appeared in its columns strikes me as extremely significant in the light of what we know of the picketing and counter-picketing organised during the recent textile workers' strike by the workers and the vested interests, respectively.

NEW TACTICS.

The whole history of the "Blue Flag Union" is now a matter of commonplace knowledge and one has to look up the evidence recorded by the Governmental Strike Inquiry Committee to get a sufficient idea about the manner in which this strike-breaking agency played its part during the strike. The Union was accepted, at the time, as the expression of the founder's genius as a "scientific" capitalist even by those, especially, the "infantile Leftists", against whose activities it directed its counterblast. For the first time in the history of Bombay's industrial strikes, the notorious American tactics in strike-breaking were employed, unsuccessfully, of course, as its founder could well have foreseen if he had tried to understand the peculiar Indian conditions of public opinion.

THE NATIONALIST PRESS.

I shall pass over the incidents of the strike as they are too well-known to be reiterated here. I must say, however, that its ultimate fate is by no means the criterion of the quality of leadership and that of heroism shown by the textile workers. The subsidised and partisan Press (including its Anglo-Indian section) strained its every nerve in the course of its propaganda publicity. The Nationalist Press, on its part, functioned as its incorruptible, fine traditions directed its course and, whatever mad men might have said or done in disparagement, its record in the department of journalistic judgment and fairness remains worthy of an impartial and free Press. It gave, as well as the public, its fullest support to the struggle for increased wage carried on by the workers. Its only interests in the industrial conflict were the interests of justice and pity for the helpless victims of industrialism whose only weapon consisted of the T. U. strike.

LEGION OF HONOUR.

As one who kept himself in touch with the events of the strike period, I was enabled to have a glimpse into the conception and activity of the "Blue Flag Union" which was supposed to fight the propaganda of the "Red Flag Union". Not enough of these things is known or recorded in the S. I. Committee's report. The personnel and peculiar tactics of the Blue Flag Union remained in the background: but it is a historical fact that the Union failed to achieve, despite the lavish expenditure it incurred, to meet the superior forces of the Union that was conducted not by hired men but by those who worked for love of a righteous and worthy cause in face of the most terrible dangers. Men like Messrs. Kandalkar, Randive and their colleagues outlived all the lies, calumnies and dangers that were put in their way by the enemies of their cause. The services of these men and of all those who did their little bit towards the poor workers' cause cannot be adequately described. The gentlemen of the Nationalist Press, especially, deserve recognition they are never in the habit of asking; they were content to earn the gratitude of those who could give it in the silent way known to the honest and the poor.

THE BLACK SHEEP.

But the struggle that brought on to the surface all the heroism of the workers, their amazing capacity to suffer and the noble qualities of the chivalrous and justice-loving journalists also produced that specimen of treachery known as "black sheep". The rascals who are not deterred by any scruples of either honour or decency are noticed ranged in the ranks of the angels: and this happened when certain "friends" of the workers who utilised the Nationalist Press to plead for the lost cause of the workers later on sneaked in the enemy camp as contemptible careerists will. We had our "black sheep" and I am just now discovering the familiar note of their persuasive bleating when the old game of veiled espionage is being played at this moment by certain "friends" of the Boycott movement. I shall not be surprised to discover the dirty fingers of these gentry in the pie of the "Blue Badge" organisation. Exposure, in that case, is just a matter of time.

NOTES ON THE DAY.

Mr. Patel's Health.

Reference has already been made in these columns to the highly objectionable manner in which Mr. V. J. Patel is being treated in the Ambala Jail. We now learn from Mr. Santanam's statement to the Press that the condition of his health is disquieting. He has lost nearly seven pounds in less than a month. He is reported, moreover, to be suffering from strangulated hernia in addition to piles. To crown all, Mr. Santanam was refused an interview with him. This is not a treatment worthy of the ex-President of the Legislative Assembly even though he may have been convicted—with regret—for the technical offence of attending the meeting of an outlawed Working Committee. The whole thing is a scandal. It unmistakably betrays petti-mindedness in those who are responsible for it. But Mr. V. J. Patel is only a glaring illustration of vindictive methods by which some other distinguished prisoners are being dealt with.

More Instances.

Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan, the brave Frontier leader, who is undergoing his sentence in the Gujarat Jail, is reported to be specially marked out for bad treatment. All his interviews have been stopped. His correspondence is inordinately delayed. He has had five attacks of lumbago. He is reported to be still in the grips of the last attack which is of a serious nature. But medical facilities are not allowed to him, although Dr. Ansari is a fellow-prisoner in the same jail. Then there is the case of Dr. Alam who is lying ill in the Lahore Central Jail. In spite of the recommendations of two successive Superintendents of the Jail he has not been transferred to Gujarat where he may now have the advantage of the advice of his old medical adviser, Dr. Ansari. What harm would there be if Khan Abdul Ghaffar were more humanely treated, if Doctor Alam—and also Mr. Patel—were transferred to Gujarat?

Anglo-Indian Journalism.

The "Pioneer" of Allahabad is more than vindicating the reputation of Anglo-Indian journalism for unabashed and deliberate mendacity. It publishes an account of the Black Sunday incidents in Bombay as supplied by the Associated Press. The essence of it is that minor preliminary lathi charges on the outskirts of the maidan were followed by the Flag Salutation ceremony and a general lathi charge—"The police charged the crowds at several centres and mounted sowars charged the crowds off the maidan."

Interpreting Facts.

"After the first general lathi charge", proceeds the report, "most of the Congress volunteers withdrew from the scene as the day's function was over, but the crowds continued to collect in batches at different spots on the maidan, hoist the national flag and shout their usual slogans. Mounted and foot police rushed on them and dispersed them with lathis." The whole report is entirely free from any suggestion, direct or indirect, of violence or rowdyism on the part of the people who had assembled at the maidan. Indeed, a perusal of the A. P. account cannot but strike the reader with the remarkable non-violence displayed by the public. Yet this is precisely what the "Pioneer" seeks to deny to the account. For, in the introductory summary, we are prepared for "disorderly scenes" and repeated charges by the police "to keep an unruly crowd off the maidan." One is used to misrepresentation of truth, even to the deliberate invention of lies by Anglo-India. But capping facts with fiction that is just the reverse of the former! The attempt is too patently stupid even to be mischievously mean.

Safe In The Saddle.

The heavy legislative programme chalked out by the MacDonald Government for the next Parliamentary session is an indication that, in spite of a good deal of talk amongst their followers and in the Tory Press that a general election is likely, their position is secure. They are safe in the saddle because the Opposition Parties cannot turn them out. The Liberals in particular do not see the necessity of agitating for a general election, because at present they are the real masters of the political situation. Mr. Lloyd George has been able to force a consideration of electoral reform on the MacDonald Government, and their unemployment legislation will be moulded on lines he chooses to lay down. On the question of Indian policy too, it will be Mr. Lloyd George who with his friend Lord Reading, will dictate to the Macdonald Government. Labour is in office, the MacDonald Government are safe in the saddle, but Mr. Lloyd George rules.

"GOVT. SERVANTS PRAY FOR FREEDOM"

No Loftier Sentiment Than That India Should Be Independent

"HOW JUSTICE IS ADMINISTERED WHEN BRITAIN'S INTERESTS ARE AT STAKE

SEN GUPTA'S TRIAL BEFORE DELHI MAGISTRATE

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, Oct. 30.

The trial opened this morning before Mr. F. B. Pool, Additional District Magistrate of Sjt. Sen Gupta, Acting Congress President. Mrs. Sen Gupta watched the proceedings.

Rao Bahadur Devidayal, Deputy Superintendent of Police who was the prosecution witness, produced a complaint originally filed under Section 124-A I.P.C. The witness to-day filed two more complaints under Section 17 (1) Criminal Law Amendment Act and Section 3 of the Instigation Ordinance in respect of speeches delivered by the accused on 6th inst.

The clerk of the City Magistrate produced shorthand notes of a speech delivered by the accused. Witness reproduced extracts from a speech by Sjt. Sen-Gupta in which he was reported to have told his audience that he accepted the address of welcome from the Delhi Congress, because it had been declared unlawful and because the presentation of address was a challenge to Government.

Sjt. Sen Gupta told the court that the witness has massacred his speech, though the sentiments contained therein ran through the evidence.

Asked by the court if the accused would like to see the transcription of his speech Sjt. Sen-Gupta stated that it would only upset him to see what he never said.

AGAINST PRINCIPLES OF JUSTICE.

Sjt. Sen-Gupta told the court that he did not want to take any part in the proceedings, but made the following statement:

"I don't propose to plead in this case for reasons which I have already given. I am not here to-day as a Barrister appearing in a case or as an accused person prepared to challenge the law or merits of the prosecution and it is just as well that the Public Prosecutor's conduct of the case goes unchallenged for all that has happened so far in this trial.

Questions that you Mr. Magistrate have put to me, prove beyond doubt how justice is administered when the interests of Britain are at stake. A question to the accuse I desire to add, if necessary, whether or not his speech is in substance or report of speech in substance of what he actually delivered, is against all principles of criminal justice.

WHAT'S SEDITION.

I say that not because I propose to make a defence but only because I desire t oadd, if necessary, as an additional proof of the mentality of judges who are trying thousands of political cases in India to-day. Principally the charge against me is one of sedition. To say England rules over India in the interests of England is sedition, yet, can anyone with a clean conscience deny the truth of the allegation or that the sway of England over India should be ended, is sedition?

Thousands of Indians have been sent to jail for saying the same thing and millions including Government servants secretly pray and openly declare day and night for the termination of British rule in India. For an Indian can there be a loftier sentiment than that India should be independent and completely free of the British control?

FREE INDIA WILL DEMAND EXPLANATION.

Yet I know you will send me to prison still relying on the power of the British in India, as many Magistrates like you have sent thousands before you, and I shall gladly go to prison in the certain belief that the day is fast approaching when the noble sons and daughters now confined in jail will demand on behalf of Free India an explanation from your masters the British people for their way of carrying on the administration for over a century and a half. I have nothing more to say".

Three prosecution witnesses were examined in the second case under the Instigation Ordinance. They deposed that Sjt. Sen-Gupta exhorted students to follow the example of Calcutta students by helping the Congress in the non-payment of taxes.

Judgment was reserved till to-morrow.

POLICE INTERFERENCE CAUSES DISTURBANCE

Meeting In U. P. Village.

POLICE FIRE ON THE CROWD

MORADABAD, Oct. 30.

A serious disturbance took place in the village of Gumthal about 3 miles from Chandausi. It appears that some political workers had arrived in this village from Badaun and Bulandshahr Districts and were doing propaganda work for the last two days before the actual disturbance occurred.

The police were informed that a big meeting was being held in the village and a party of fourteen policemen including three sub-Inspector left for the village on their routine duty. They saw an assembly of some 3,000 persons.

When the audience saw the policemen they began to throw brickbats. Some of the crowd are said to have assaulted the policemen with lathis, injuring one sub-Inspector, one head Constable and one Constable inflicting minor injuries on eight other members of the party.

The sub-Inspectors, it is said, then declared the Assembly unlawful and asked it to disperse, but the order was unheeded. The sub-Inspectors who were the only persons amongst the policemen carrying arms then opened fire with their revolvers as a result of which one man was seriously injured and two slightly injured. The alleged ringleaders are said to have escaped.

The police, it is said, had to fight for their lives for a mile and a half when the residents of a neighbouring village and another party of policemen from the police station came to their help. The village is now practically deserted.

The property of some of the absconders has been attached.—A. P.

PUNJAB'S NEW REPRESSIVE MEASURE

To Be In Force For 2 Years

LAHORE, Oct. 30.

The Criminal Law (Punjab Amendment) Bill which curtails the trial of cases arising out of anarchical crimes as amended by the Select Committee was to-day placed before the Punjab Council. The Council was adjourned till November 4 in order to enable members to send in amendments.

The Select Committee suggested that as the bill had not been very much altered it should not be recirculated. The Committee changed the name of the Bill to Criminal Procedure (Punjab Amendment) Act and laid down that it shall continue to be in force for two years from the date of its commencement, unless the local Government by a notification extended it for a further period not exceeding three years and that the Commissioners who will try the cases shall be Sessions or Additional Judges of three years standing.

A new clause has been added with a view to restrict the prosecution in cases of offences punishable with death from leading further evidence after the charges have been framed and empowering the accused and Section 256 of the Code to seek three days adjournment of proceedings before cross examination of all or any of the prosecution witnesses whose evidence has been taken.

Other minor changes include one debarring the accused from demanding resummoning of witnesses in case of change or transfer of Commissioners. The report has been signed by all the eleven members. Mr. Mukundlal Puri has, however, added a short note of dissent urging that not less than one week's adjournment should be permitted before cross-examination of prosecution witnesses instead of three days as suggested by the Committee.—A. P.

DELHI MERCHANT'S BETRAYAL

Police Help Remove Foreign Cloth

VOLUNTERS PROSTRATE BEFORE LORRY

NEW DELHI, Oct. 30.

Excitement prevailed in the city when Mr. Lachmichand Mohanlal called police help in order to remove his stock of foreign cloth to the station with a view to transfer it outside Delhi. The Police arrived early, long before the gates of the market were opened and it is alleged forced their way in. When the police with the help of railway coolies were loading the goods some volunteers threw themselves down before the motor lorry. The police arrested 14 volunteers and succeeded in taking the goods to the Railway Station.

It is stated the dealer concerned has left Delhi already but one of his bales was left behind which the crowd dragged outside the market and set fire to it.

NEW LAHORE "CONSPIRACY" CASE

17 Persons Remanded Into Police Custody

LAHORE, Oct. 30.

Of the persons arrested in connection with the new conspiracy case 17 were produced this afternoon before Mr. Lewis, Officiating District Magistrate. The press was not allowed admission but enquiries show that a fortnight's remand was granted. One of the accused requested the Magistrate to order judicial lock-up in his case instead of police custody which was granted.—A. P.

PROF B. G. KOTHARE ARRESTED

On Hunger-Strike From 24th Inst.

NAGPUR, Oct. 30.

On a complaint lodged by the police against Prof. B. G. Kothare who has been on hunger-strike from 24th instant near the main gate of the College of Science the City Magistrate, Nagpur, to-day issued a bailable warrant asking Mr. Kothare to furnish security. On his refusal he was arrested under section 290 I. P. C. (causing public nuisance) and was removed to the Central Jail. The case against him comes up to-morrow.—A. P.

Salt Survey Committee:

The Salt Survey Committee has concluded taking evidence at Bombay and is proceeding to Karachi. It will hold its sittings at the Custom House, Karachi, from the 3rd to the 12th of November and return to Bombay on the 22nd of November after visiting the salt works at Okha and Morvi.

ECHOES AND WHISPERS

(Continued from previous page.)

like, witnessing an epic-drama that unrolled in a steady march in the forum down in the Maidan. Wonder had died in those eyes—what have they not witnessed?—and a passive expression had spread over the strained forces.

Half a dozen 'sowars' would wheel round smartly at a terrific speed in the silence of the scene while a little crowd broke up scattered all over in a wave of panic.

• • • •

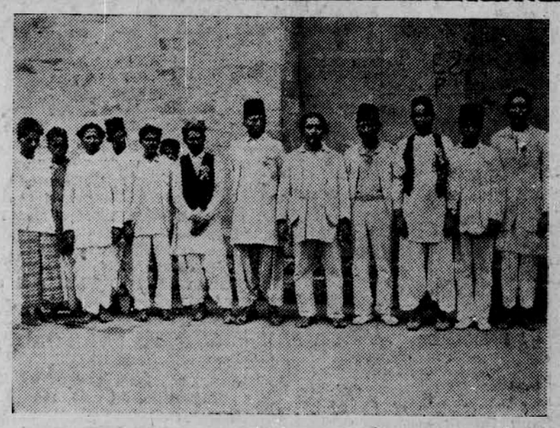
It looked like some novel sport that had suddenly shamed the peaceful cricket out of the maidan. Some funeral entertainment seemed to be in progress.

"Ah, but you missed the biggest fun, my dear fellow," a friend stopped me, "you are half an hour too late".

"The flag salutation is over—a complete success. How they camouflaged those fellows, with all their precautions! They did it under their very nose; they beat those fellows at their own game," the whole strategy was explained to me briefly but vividly.

Others may describe the incident of the treatment of women by the sergeants. Those who had both the special privilege and strength to witness it may reconstruct the scene that sickens the soul .....

I thought of how, months ago, when Gandhi wrote in the exuberance of his incomparable chivalry and nobility of heart that he was convinced Englishmen would spare women whatever happened, one knew better. We knew and had long anticipated what was to happen to-day, even before the tears of the gentle school-girls of India, of the women of India, whose gentleness is as great as their amazing capacity for heroic suffering, were shed.



"Chronicle" Photo.

A batch of "Blue-badgers", who have tried unsuccessfully to interfere with the peaceful picketing carried on in Bombay by Desh Sevikas.

"Chronicle" Photo

Large crowds gathered in front of Messrs. Spinner & Co. as a sequel to the trouble caused by the "Blue Badges" interfering with the peaceful work of Desh Sevikas.

Mrs. Lilavati Manilal Daphtary, a member of the Hindustani Seva Dal, and the first Kathiawadi Jain lady to be jailed for 7 months.

"Chronicle" Photo.

A Desh Sevika, picketing the firm of Spinner & Co. at Tamarind Lane.

INDIA TO BE FREE THIS YEAR.

Disaster In Store For Britain

GERMAN ASTROLOGER'S PREDICTIONS.

England will suffer "grave disasters caused by water" on March 22, 1931; there will be a "tenseness" between England and Scotland next year; British rule in India will end before 1930 has passed, and Great Britain and Japan will be forced to take "a strong hand" in the Chinese situation during the present year.

Such are the predictions made by Dr. Max Hanff, German astrologer, who lives in Mexico City. Members of the British colony are amused by these "forecasts," but many Mexicans are apprehensive regarding the "seer's" prophecy that the Republic will suffer much damage from a severe earthquake before October 24. An American astrologer, Professor Edwin Henderson, of Pawtucket, Rhode Island, U.S.A., has written to the local daily newspapers supporting the German's prediction.

TRUE FORECASTS.

Natives of this country seem to believe that the earthquake prophecy will be fulfilled, because forecasts published by Dr. Hanff last July have all come to pass. On July 29 last, the astrologer predicted that certain Mexican Roman Catholic Archbishops would die; that there would be revolts in Peru and the Argentine; that Santo-Domingo would experience "a grave disaster," and that there would be an earthquake in Italy.

The German star reader predicts that Brazil will be the next South American country to become turbulent. He declares the outbreak will be started by the Navy, and that it will result in difficulties with the United States.

Dr. Hanff professes that another great war is due soon. This conflict, he says, will be in Europe, and that the Balkans or Poland will figure prominently in it.

He places the time of the outbreak as either during the autumn of 1931 or the spring of 1932, and asserts that the conflict will be "much worse for mankind than was the World War."

The "prophet" also says that "a European crown that is strongly supported will totter," and sees grave disasters of a natural order for Japan, such as volcanic eruptions, tidal waves and earthquakes.—"Daily Express".

Another R. T. C. Delegate And "Consultant"

DELHI, Oct. 29.

In view of the interest taken in army circles in the forthcoming constitutional discussions at the Round Table Conference it may be observed that apart from Captain Sher Muhammad of Jhelum District, who will be a delegate at the Round Table Conference, there will also be present in London Nawab Malik Sir Umar Hayat Khan, who, though not a delegate to the Conference, is a member of the India Council. General Sir Alexander Cobbe as Military Secretary at the India Office will be available for consultation by the Conference on Indian military question's.—A. P.

"Pratap" To Resume Publication

(From A Corresnopdent.)

CAWNPORE. Oct. 30.

The "Pratap" of Cawnpore. the well-known Hindi weekly, shall resume publication from 9th November 1930.

BOMBAY'S PROTEST AGAINST LATHI CHARGES.

Sheriff's Meeting To Be Called

SIRDAR SULLEMAN CASUM MITHA AND MR. B. N. KARANJIA SIGN REQUISITION.

It was announced in "The Chronicle" of yesterday that a requisition signed by prominent citizens is being sent to the Sheriff of Bombay to call a public meeting of the citizens of Bombay to protest against the 'lathi' charges on Sunday and the treatment of women Satyagrahis in particular.

Sardar Sullemain Casum Mitha Mr. Lakhmidas Raoji Tairsee, Mr. Heerji Behedin and Mr. B. N. Karanjia, Vice-President of the Indian Merchants' Chamber have also signed the requisition.

It is understood that either Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas or Mr. Hooseinbhoy A. Laljee, President of the Corporation will preside over the meeting.

POLICE METHODS

City Fathers To Protest.

SPECIAL MEETING OF CORPORATIA CALLED

A special meeting of the Municipal Corporation is called on Thursday, 6th November 1930 at 4 p.m. to protest against the cruel treatment meted out to the public by the police on Sunday the 26th instant at Azad Maidan and also to protest against the unbecoming behaviour of the police towards the ladies on that day. The requisition to call the meeting has been signed by Mr. Mohanlal Desai, Mr. V. D. Govindji, Mr. S. L. Silam and Dr. P. K. Meheshri.

"CRIPPLING FOR LIFE OR DEATH."

Leaving Ladies In Jungle : Inquiry Demanded.

SUNDAY'S INCIDENTS "WILL INCREASE STRAINED RELATIONS."

Mr. J. K. Mehta, Secretary, The Indian Merchants' Chamber, has addressed the following letter to the Secretary to the Government of Bombay:—

Sir,—I am directed by the Committee of this Chamber to bring to the attention of the Government of Bombay the scenes which were witnessed last Sunday. So far as the information of my Committee goes, the function which was announced to be held on the Maidan, i.e. the ceremony of flag salutation, is not banned, and might well have been allowed to be held without any interference. Unfortunately this was not to be, and the result was that there were about 300 (three hundred) people injured owing to the repeated lathi charges. Taking, however, the facts as they were, my Committee recognise that the flag salutation ceremony was banned rightly or wrongly. The Police could have arrested the leaders, as also such people who broke their regulations. The Government of Bombay have issued some regulations for the dispersal of such gatherings or processions and themselves have laid down that minimum force should be used on such occasions. Some arrests were made, but at the same time lathi charges, which have been considered by the onlookers as being much more severe than on any other previous occasion, took place. In a majority of cases of people who have been injured, blows appear to have been given to the heads, which amounts to crippling the injured perhaps for life or in case of severe blows a very painful death after some time. My Committee feel it their duty to bring to the attention of Government the great public feeling and bitterness on this question. What has added to the bitterness and public resentment is the very sad and most regrettable incident which took place on that morning. This was the taking away of more than a dozen lady volunteers to a jungle and leaving them unprotected and exposed to all dangers. This step has neither moral nor legal sanction behind it; and my Committee fail to comprehend that orders for it could have been issued by any responsible official. Those lady volunteers, if they had been found offending against the Police regulations, might have been arrested and sent to the lock-up as other lady volunteers were. Instead of this, however, some official or officials thought it fit to adopt a course, which is almost unprecedented and which would be condemned by public opinion in any country. It was a grave insult to Indan womanshood. My Committee will be much obliged, therefore, if the Government of Bombay will be pleased to issue, at once, a Press-Note explaining under what circmstances this incident took place and who was responsible for the same; and trust that proper steps will be taken against those who were responsible for it.

My Committee have addressed a telegram to His Excellency the Viceroy regarding the effect of the Ninth Ordinance, a copy of which is enclosed herewith for your information. What is required is at present is a calm and peaceful atmosphere, and incidents like those to which my Committee have drawn attention in this communication are most likely to retard the advent of any peaceful atmosphere and will increase the strained relations between Government and the people.

While my Committee are of opinion that the machinery of ordinary Law should be put into effect against those who are found guilty of disturbing public peace, they cannot help regretting that the guardians of Law and Order should be found to descend to the level of breaking them. My Committee also trust that a thorough inquiry will be made into the allegation of three ladies regarding an incident when they were in the lock-up and that a statement will be issued on the matter.

"AN INSTRUMENT OF RECKLESS AND RUTHLESS REPRESSION"

"It Has Created Greater Resistance In People."

MERCHANTS' CHAMBER WIRES TO VICEROY TO RESCIND 9TH ORDINANCE

The following telegram has been addressed to the Private Secretary to His Excellency the Viceroy by Mr. Hooseinbhoy A. Laljee, President, Indian Merchants Chamber, Bombay, on the 30th October:—

"Committee Indian Merchants' Chamber would have recorded their protest against the promulgation of the Ninth Ordinance by His Excellency the Viceroy as soon as it was issued. They delayed their protest however to watch and examine the method and manner in which it was put into effect by the Executive. Their experience of the last few days justifies their original fears which are shared by the public in general that the Ninth Ordinance has put in the hands of the Executive an instrument for reckless and ruthless repression. Committee in common with general opinion throughout the country have always favoured fighting the forces of disorders and lawlessness by the machinery of ordinary Law of the land which is sufficient, in their opinion, to cope with the needs of the situation. The weekly reviews of the Government of India opined that the Civil Disobedience movement was on the wane and if so Committee feel that the time for promulgating the last Ordinance was not well selected. Indeed, instead of soothing the ruffled feelings of the people it introduced a greater resistance. It is never a statesmanlike policy for breaches of law and order being met by Government discarding the ordinary Law and substituting for it a regime of Ordinances. Committee submit that the "series of Ordinances promulgated by His Excellency the Viceroy have had little effect on the general situation which can be eased only by conciliatory statesmanship. The latest Ordinance it is gravely apprehended, has disturbed the political atmosphere to a very large extent. The Ordinance has been interpreted by the Executive to include organisations which were not even political and the latest Lathi charge in Bombay on Sunday last and mode of its application in case of ladies was but an effect of this interpretation. Committee beg, therefore, to request His Excellency to be pleased, even in the interests of a speedy restoration of such conditions of order and tranquility which he has so much at heart, to rescind the Ninth Ordinance as also all the previous Ordinances—Hooseinbhoy Laljee, President."

The motorist who takes an interest in the efficient performance of his car, is aware of the vital part that lubrication plays. Oil must reduce friction, reach every moving part of the engine, provide perfect piston seal and give minimum carbon. Castrol does all this and more—it lasts longer than ordinary motor oils. Its lubricating properties remain reliable over a greater mileage. Motorists throughout India have paid eloquent testimony to the efficiency of

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Obtainable throughout India at the same price as ordinary motor oils. Make sure that you purchase Castrol in the green and red sealed tin.

C. C. WAKEFIELD & CO., LIMITED,
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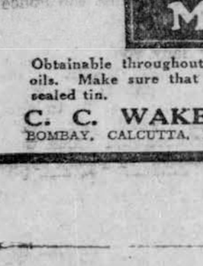
The Relief is twofold



Nowadays it is doubly relieving to use

LITTLE'S ORIENTAL BALM

EXTERNALLY, it brings relief in all cases of

ACHES AND PAINS

INTERNALLY, it brings relief to the heart to feel that it is

MADE BY INDIANS IN INDIA

(T)

SHIPPING NEWS

Export & Import

ARRIVALS.

October, 30.
S S Lango Maru, Icho, Kobe.
S S Chakla, Candler, Karachi.
S S Rajput, Crebbin, Bidi Bunder.

DEPARTURE.

October 31.
S S Jalaveera, Beatson, Rangoon.

LOADING.

October 30.
Steamer City of Alexandria for Hull.
Steamer City of Auckland for New York.
Steamer Varsova for Persian Gulf.
Steamer Barjora, for Persian Gulf.

ENGLISH MAIL REPORT.

S S Ranpura:—The P. & O. S. N. Coy's English mail steamer Ranpura, is expected to arrive here to-day at about (6 a.m.) from London, with the outward mails of the 16th inst. a general cargo 554 passengers.

S S Lango Maru:—The N Y K steamer Lango Maru, arrived in harbour yesterday from Kobe, with a general cargo.

S S Chakla:—The B I S N Coy's steamer Chakla, arrived in harbour yesterday from Karachi, with a general cargo and passengers.

S S Rajput:—The T M Coy's steamer Rajput, arrived in harbour yesterday from Bidi Bunder, with a general cargo.

S S Jalaveera:—The Scindia S. N. Coy's steamer Jalaveera, will sail to-day from Bombay harbour for Rangoon, with a general cargo.

THURSDAY, October 30.

ALEXANDRA DOCK.

1 Hohenfels Karachi 31-10 L Edward Ltd.
2 Rajputana, London, 1-11, M M and Co.
4 India, Genoa, 2-11 L T and M Italiana.
5 Britannia Liverpool 1-11, Graham T Co.
11 Clan Maciver Malabar Coast, 1-11 J Finlay and Co.
14 Ariosto M Coast 31-10 J Finlay & Co.
16 Khandalla Durban 5-11 M M and Co.

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Havre Maru, Kobe, 8-11 O S Kaisha.
3 Barpeta P Gulf, 30-10, M M & Co.
4 Vasna Busrah 31-10 M M and Co.
6 Gambada, Karachi, 29-10 M M & Co.
10-11 Tanfield, Rangoon 2-11 M M and Co.
12/13 Jalaveera, Rangoon 30-10 Scindia S N Co.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

A Jalajyoti Calcutta, 2-11, Scindia S N Co.
C Ahmedi Malabar Coast 30-10 S Hassum and Co.
N Oostcapelle M Coast 30-10 Merchant S N Co.

STEAMERS EXPECTED.

FROM LONDON.

Ranpura 31-10-30 P and O S N Co.
Mooltan 6-11-30 P and O S N Co.
Mantua 14-11-30 P and O S N Co.
Ranchi 21-11-30 P and O S N Co.
Viceroy of India 30-11-30 P and O S N Co.

FROM PLYMOUTH.

Dumana 28-10-30 M M and Co

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Castalia 3-11-30 G T Co.
California, 10-11-30, G T Co.
C|Alexandria, 30-10-30, K N Co.
City of Paris 6-11-30 K N Co.
Clan Maebride 12-11-30 J F Co

FROM GOTHENBURG.

Sumatra 20-11-30 L Edward Ltd.

FROM HAMBURG.

Rabenfels, 2-11-30 L Edward Ltd.
Fraunfels 7-11-30 L Edward Ltd.
Sturhfels 18-11-30 L Edward Ltd
Teneriff 8-11-30 L Edward Ltd.
Lichtenfels 25-11-20 L Edward Ltd.

FROM NEW YORK.

Jeff Davis 6-11-30 L Edward Ltd.
City of Venice 7-11-30 F F Campbell and Co.
Potter 4-11-30 L Edward Ltd.

FROM ROTTERDAM.

Bovenkerk 16-11-30 E D Sassoon and Co.

FROM DUNKIRK

Pikoe 13-11-30 M Maritime.

FROM GENOA.

Tanimber 7-11-30 T M and Co.
Genoa 21-11-30 M Italiana.

FROM TRIESTE

Pilsna 9-11-30 L T Co.
Gange 21-11-30 L T Co.
Fusijama 26-11-30 L T Co.

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN PORTS.

Mantua 26-9-30 P and O S N Co.
Mirzapore 12-11-30 P and O S N Co.
Borneo Maru 8-11-30, O S Kaisha.
Tottori Maru 15-11-30, N Y Kaisha.
Yamagala 20-11-30 N Y Kaisha.
Macedonia 21-11-30 P and O S N Co.
Zevere 1-11-30 L T Co.

FROM AUSTRALIA

Naldera 7-11-30 P and O S N Co.
Vomachichi 10-11-30 L Edward Ltd.

FROM DURBAN.

Karapara, 8-11-30, M M and Co.
Karoa 22-11-30 M M and Co.

—:o:—

SAILING DATE OF STEAMERS FOR LONDON

—:o:—

FOR LONDON.

Rajputana 1-11-30, P and O S N Co.

FOR PLYMOUTH.

Dumana N F, M M and Co.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Britannia 1-11-30 S T Co.
City of London N F K N Co.

FOR KARACHI.

Hohenfels N F L Edward.

FOR GENOA.

India 2-11-30 M Italiana.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Clan Macevir N F J F & Co.

FOR PERSIAN GULF.

Vasna 30-10-30 M M & Co.

FOR KOBE.

Havre Maru N F O S Kaisha.

FOR TRIESTE.

Himalaya N F L T Co.

FOR RANGOON.

Jalaveera, NF, S S N Co.

FOR CALCUTTA.

Jalajyoti N F S S N Co.

FOR ROTTERDAM.

Tescel N F E D Sassoon & Co.

FOR RANGOON.

Rajput N F, T M and Co.

FOR MAURITIUS.

Khosrou N F, T M and Co.

FOR ADEN.

Dara N F, T M and Co.

STEAMERS FIXED.

FOR LONDON.

Rajputana, Carter, P and O S N Co.

FOR PLYMOUTH.

Dumana 5103 Stockwell M M and Co.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Britannia 5,469 Alder, S T & CO.
City of London 5713 Brown K N Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Clan Maciver 2,751 MacFurlane J F & Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Himalaya 4,194 Mareglia L T Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Hohenfels 1742 Talurs L Edward Ltd.

FOR GENOA.

India 4,076 Gavino M Italiana.

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN PORTS.

Havre Maru 3,450 Mone O S Kaisha.

FOR PERSIAN GULF.

Vasna 2,043 Fitzherbert M M & Co.
Barpeta 1,177 Partridge M M & Co.

FOR ROTTERDAM.

Tescel 2,748 Roos E D Sassoon & Co.

FOR RANGOON.

Jalaveera, 3089, Beatson, S S N Co.
Rajput 3391 Crebbin T M and Co.

FOR CALCUTTA

Jaljyoti 2698 Owens S S N Co.

FOR MAURITIUS.

Khosrou 2491 Beattie T M & Co

FOR ADEN.

Dara 3082 Wheeler T M and Co.

GENERAL LANDING DATES.

Havre Maru 28-10-30.
Dayavati 28-10-30.
Ahmedi 28-10-30
Vasna 28-10-30
Barpeta 28-10-30
Ariosto 28-10-30.
Bardarpur 29-10-30

EXPORTS.

Bombay, Oct. 30.

S S Rajputana for London:—14 bales animal skin, M Sidick & Co.: 23 bales animal skin, M. H Ladha & Co.; 22 bales animal skin, H. Oosman; 20 bales animal skin, P. M. Hassan; 54 bales animal skin, H. A. Amin; 37 bales animal skin, D.Y Zadah; 7 bales animal skin, A. R. Habibullah; 2 bales woollen carpets, D. Y. Zadah.

For Marseilles:—42,000 cwts. groundnuts, Ralli Bros.; 2,000 cwts. groundnut seeds, Birla Bros.; 2,000 cwts. groundnut seeds, Birla Bros.

For Beyrouth:—5 bales cotton yarn, A. H. Diab.

For Allexandritta:—37 bales cotton yarn, A. H. Diab.

For Jaffa:—3 bales cotton yarn, A. H. Diab.

S S Britannia for Liverpool:—24 bales cotton thread waste, M. Narottamdas & Co.; 100 bales cotton thread waste, J. Mayer & Co.

For Philadelphia:—68 cks. goat skin, Brisky Co.

S S Hohenfals for Hamburg.—12,424 cwts. groundnut oil cakes, Ralli Bros.; 25 bales cow hides, Schneider Co.

For Antwerp:—Nil.

For Rotterdam:—1,976 cwts. groundnut oil cakes, Ralli Bros.; 3,860 cwts. groundnuts, Ralli Bros.

S S Texel for Hamburg:—1,030 cwts. groundnut oil cakes, Volkart Bros.

For Antwerp:—500 ton manganese ore, Grindlay & Co.

S S City of Auckland for New York:—300 cwts. gum karaya, P. E. Bros.

For Philadelphia:—114 bales wool, Shamjimal; 2,460 cwts. myrabilams, Amin & Sons.

S S City of London for Liverpool:—25 bales cotton thread waste, V. A. Sane; 125 bales cotton raw, K. Devchand & Co.

For Dunkirk:—28 bales cotton fly, J. Mayer & Co.; 285 bales cotton raw, O. Suleman & Co.; 330 bales cotton raw, G. K. Kaisha Ltd.

For Manchester:—920 bales cotton raw, K. Devchand & Co.; 300 bales cotton raw, K. K. Kaisha Ltd.

S S Himalaya for Trieste:—7,700 cwts. groundnuts, Ralli Bros.; 29 bales cotton yarn, Swadeshi Mills Co.; 110 bales cotton raw, K. Devchand & Co.; 2,000 cwts. linseed, L. Dreyfus & Co.

For Venice:—250 bales cotton raw, O. Suleman & Co.

For Ineboli:—20 bales cotton yarn, Sassoon J. David & Co.

For Port Said:—10 bales cotton twist, Sassoon J. David & Co.

For Tripoli:—10 bales cotton twist, Sassoon J. David & Co.

For Alexandritta:—30 bales cotton twist, Sassoon J. David & Co.

S S India for Genoa:—1 bale woollen carpets, Cox & Kings Ltd.; 55 bales cotton raw, O. Suleman & Co.; 220 bales cotton raw, K. Devchand & Co.; 2,000 cwts. groundnuts, K. Devchand & Co.

For Marseilles:—3,000 cwts. groundnuts, Ralli Bros.

S S Havre Maru for Kobe:—200 bales cotton raw, Birla Bros.; 385 bales cotton raw, A. Khimji & Co.; 163 bales cotton raw, Mohanlal Molani; 1,500 bales cotton raw, G. K. Kaisha Ltd.; 100 bales cotton raw, Ralli Bros.

For Shanghai:—Nil.

IMPORTS.

Bombay, Oct. 30.

S S Khandalla, Agents M. M. & Co. from Durban:—50 box aloes.

From Dar-es-Salaam:—695 bales cotton; 71 bags gum dust.

From Zanzibar:—3,881 bundles cloves; 25 cases milk; 23 cases mats; 12 cases orange peeps.

From Mombassa:—20 pkg. scrap brass; 12 pkg. zinc ware; 695 bales cotton.

S S Vasna, Agents M. M. & Co., from Busrah:—312 bags almonds; 40 bags almond kernals; 34 bags galls; 467 bags wheat; 931 bags beans; 24,232 bags dates.

S S Clan Maciver, Agents J. Finlay & Co., from Manchester:—499 cases machinery; 89 cases cotton yarn; 37 cases cotton goods; 13 cases cottons; 69 cases paper; 760 cases tiles; 62 cases newspaper; 70 drums dyes; 40 drums lub. oil; 662 loose pulleys 4,000 bags soda ash.

From Glasgow:—230 cases whisky; 90 cases wine; 35 cases rum; 175 cases newspaper; 25 cases cisterns; 350 cases bolts and nuts; 215 cases rivets; 61 cases angles; 65 cases e'ware; 148 cases bars; 38 cases rounds.

From Fowej:—927 bags China clay.

From Liverpool:—20 cases cotton p'goods; 125 cases machinery; 30 cases milk; 424 drums paint; 74 coils copper wire; 56 cases biscuits; 40 cases looms; 2,052 cks. chemical; 532 cks. cement sheets; 3,000 cases soap; 175 cases springs; 248 bundles plates; 200 bundles bolts and nuts; 57 bundles circles.

NEW YORK DEMAND BILLS.

New York, Oct. 29.
Demand Bills 485.65

LONDON RUBBER.

London, Oct. 29.
Smoked Sheet, Standard, Ribbed. 1b., Spot 4-7|16 sellers.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, Oct. 29.
Chartered Bank of I. A. & C. £17-7|8.
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Register) £109-3|4.
National Bank of India £42.
Funding Loan 4 per cent £94-1|8.
Conversion Loan 3-1|2 per cent £81-3|8.
Indian Loan 5-1|2 per cent £102-3|4.
Rupee Paper 3-1|2 per cent £48.
Indian Stock 3 per cent Sterling Loan £56-1|2.
Indian Stock 3-1|2 per cent Sterling Loan £65-1|2.
Indian Stock 4-1|2 per cent Sterling Loan £88.
Consols 2-1|2 per cent £57-3|4.
War Loan 5 per cent £102-3|4.
Victory Bond 4 per cent £96-7|8.

LONDON DISCOUNTS

—:o:—

Bombay, Oct. 30

3 months discounts 2 1/16 per cent.
6 months discounts 2 1/4 per cent
Bank of England rate 3 per cent.
Call money 1 3/4 per cent.
One month 2 1/2 per cent
Three months 3 per cent
Six months 4 per cent.
Tone of money market: Easy.
Imperial Bank of India rate 5 per cent.

GOLD.

London, Oct. 29.
Bar Gold, Fine per oz. £4-5-0.

...in a cigarette it's TASTE!

Taste must speak for itself..... and CHESTERFIELD'S refreshing, spicy flavour, its characteristic fragrance, do just that.

"TASTE above everything"

Chesterfield

MILD-RIPE TOBACCO

CIGARETTES

Manufactured by:—LIGGETT & MYERS TOBACCO COMPANY, OF U.S.A.

Sold by all Tobacconists.

Representatives in India and Burma—ARNOLD & CO., LTD., Bombay, Calcutta, Rangoon, Karachi and Amritsar.

MONEY MARKET.

—:o:—

EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Oct. 30.

B C Rate T T 1/5 3/4
B C Rate D D 1/5 25/32
LONDON.—
Banks Selling T T 1/5 25/32 to Jan.
Banks Selling D D 1/5 13/16
Banks Selling T T 1/5 3/4 February.
Banks Buying T T 1/5 27/32 to Jan.
Banks Buying D D 1/5 7/8
Banks Buying 3 months 1/5 31/32 Nov./Dec.
Banks Buying 3 mos 1/6
NEW YORK.—
B. C. Rate T T 278-1/4
Banks Selling T T 278
Banks Buying T T 277
PARIS.—
Banks Selling D D 914
Banks Buying D D 924
Banks Buying 3 Mos. 940
JAPAN.—
Banks Selling T T 138
Banks Buying 60 Days 135 1/2
HONGKONG.—
Banks Selling D D 89
SHANGHAI.—
Banks Selling D D 109 1/4
SINGAPORE.—
Banks Selling D D 157 3/8
JAVA.—
Banks Selling D D 89 1/4
CROSS RATE.—
New York/London 4.85 27/32 29th instant.
Shanghai/London 1/7 3/16 30th instant
Japan/London 2/0 1/2 29th instant
London/Paris 123.80 29th instant
London/Belgium 34.84 29th instant
London/Switzerland 25.02 29th instant
London/Italy 92.80 29th instant.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.
Gold £4-5-0 1/8 28th instant; £4-5-0 29th instant
Silver London Ready 16 1/2 28th instant; 16 1/2 29th instant.
Silver London forward 16 1/2 28th instant; 16 1/2 29th instant.
Silver New York Ready 36 28th instant; 36 29th instant
London Discounts 3 mos 2 1/16 per cent 28th instant 2 1/16 per cent 29th instant
London discounts 6 mos 2 1/4 per cent 28th instant 2 1/4 per cent 29th instant
Imperial Bank Rate 5 per cent. Bank of England Rate 3 per cent.
Money:—Inter Bank Call 2 per cent. 3 Mos. 3 per cent. 6 Mos. 4 per cent. 12 Mos. 4 per cent.
Tone:—Quiet.

Tone of Silver: Quietly steady. No Special feature.

Imperial Bank Rate Unchanged

—:o:—

BOMBAY, Oct. 30.

The Imperial Bank of India rate of interest on demand loans on Government paper remains unchanged at 5 per cent.—A. P.

THE MILL-OWNERS' ASSOCIATION, BOMBAY.

Ex-mill prices of the leading lines of Bombay mill-made piece-goods on Friday, 24th October, 1930:—

DESCRIPTION.

GREY UNBLEACHED:—
Longcloth (S. quality) 37 ins. 37-1|2 yds. 7-1|4 lbs. per lb. Re. 0-11-9.
Longcloth (Standard quality) 37 ins. 37-1|2 yds. 9 lbs. per lb. Re. 0-11-3.
Shirtings 35 ins. 38 yds. 9 lbs. per lb. Re. 0-10-9.
Dhoties (upto 1|4" nakhi border) 32 ins. 9 yds. 1-3|4 lbs. per lb. Re. 0-12-0.
Drills 29-1|4 ins. 40 yds. 13-1|2 lbs. per lb. Re. 0-9-3.
T-cloths 30 ins. 24 yds. 6 lbs. per lb. Re. 0-11-9.
Domestics 24 ins. 48 yds. 10 lbs. per lb. Re. 0-11-9.
Domestics 26 ins. 61 yds. 11 lbs. per lb. Re. 0-11-0.
Salita 40 ins. 66 yds. 25 lbs. per lb. Re. 0-10-6.
Chadars 50 ins. 6 yds. 2-3|4 lbs. per lb. Re. 0-11-3.
WHITE BLEACHED:—
Longcloth (Fazulbhoy) 36 ins. 40 yds. 10-7|8 lbs. per piece Re. 11-4-0.
Striped Shirting 25 ins. 24 yds. 3-1|2 lbs. (upto 15 p.c. colour) per piece Rs. 3-5-6.
Twills (Fazulbhoy) 31-1|2 ins. 40 yds. 7-3|4 lbs. per piece Rs. 6-0-0.
DYED GOODS:—
Dyed Longcloth (black) 35 ins. 38 yds. 9 lbs. per piece Rs. 8-0-3.
FANCY GOODS:—
Sust. Grey Weft 21 ins. 24 yds. 2-11|16 lbs. (upto 20 p.c. colour) per piece Rs. 1-15-0.
Sholapur Coating 27 ins. 24 yds. 8-1|2 lbs. (100 p.c. colour) per piece Rs. 8-0-0.
Sholapur Coating 27 ins. 24 yds. 6-1|2 lbs. (100 p.c. colour) per piece Rs. 5-0-0.
Kashmere Cloth 24 ins. 24 yds. 4 lbs. (Cotton Dyed) per piece Rs. 2-12-0.
Towels 30 ins. 16-2|3 yds. 7 lbs. per dozen Rs. 5-4-0.

London—In Rugby Union County Championship Sussex lost to Middlesex by thirtyfive points to three.—Reuter.

Rugby—Nearly 1000 guests attended on Wednesday's afternoon's party given by the King and Queen at Buckingham Palace. The guests included Dominion delegates to the Imperial Conference and their wives who were presented to their Majesties.—B. O. W.

The District Transportation Superintendent at Guntakal M. and S. M. Railway wires under date 30. With reference to my wire of the 29th instant the water in Chinna Hagari has now subsided allowing repairs to be carried out and the line has been made safe for the passage of trains. Normal traffic is being resumed with immediate effect.—A. P.

WHEAT—BALTIC EXCHANGE.

London, Oct. 29.

Rozario Santa Fe, per 62 lb. cargoes.—
Oct. Nov. quoted 27/-.
Barletta Russo, per 61-1|2 lb. cargoes.—
Oct. Nov. quoted 26/-.
Wheat, South Australian, Parcels.—
Afloat sellers 29/9.
Wheat, Choice White, Karachi, Parcels.—
October sellers 29/3.

JAVA SUGAR—LONDON MARKET.

London, Oct. 29.

Java Sugar, Fine, White Dutch Standard, No. 25.—
C. & F. Calcutta.—
Nov.Dec. per cwt. 8/-.
C. & F. Bombay.—
Nov.Dec. per cwt. 8|1.
C. & F. Karachi.—
Nov.Dec. per cwt. 8|1.

COFFEE—NEW YORK MARKET.

Fair Rio, Coffee (No. 7, quality) Spot 8 5|8.

SHIPPING.

P. & O. BRITISH INDIA
(INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)
MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE.

P. and O. SAILINGS to PLYMOUTH and LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES (CALLING AT MALTA EVERY ALTERNATE WEEK.)

Date.	Steamers.	Tons.
Oct. Nov.		
1st	RAJPUTANA ¥	16,644
7th	NALDERA ¥	16,038
15th	RANPURA	16,601
22nd	MACEDONIA ¥	11,128
29th	MANTUA	16,946
Dec. 6th	NARKUNDA ¥	16,572
13th	VICEROY OF INDIA	19,648
20th	RAWALPINDI x	16,697
27th	KAISAR-I-HIND	11,518
1931. Jan. 3rd	MOOLTAN ¥	20,952
10th	RAJPUTANA	16,644
17th	RANCHI ¥	16,650
24th	RANPURA	16,601
31st	MALOJA ¥	20,837
Feb. 7th	MANTUA	16,946
14th	COMORIN ¥	16,279
21st	VICEROY OF INDIA	19,648
28th	NALDERA x	16,038
Mar. 7th	KAISAR-I-HIND @	11,518
14th	MACEDONIA †	11,120
21st	RANPURA @	16,601
28th	NARKUNDA ¥	16,572
Apl. 4th	RANCHI @	16,650
9th	MOLDAVIA §	16,558
11th	MACEDONIA †	11,120
18th	Viceroy of India @	19,647
25th	MOOLTAN x	20,952
May 2nd	KAISAR-I-HIND	11,518
9th	CHITRAL x	15,243
16th	MACEDONIA	11,129
23rd	MALOJA ¥	20,837
30th	MALWA	11,009

All sailings are subject to alteration without notice.
x Through from Australia.
¥ Through from China.
with limited accommodation for passengers from India.
§ Extra steamer carrying 1st Saloon and 3rd Cabin passengers only.
† To Marseilles only.
@ These steamers will call at MONACO after leaving Marseilles. Passengers can be booked to Monaco the fares being those in force between Bombay and Marseilles.

NEW REDUCED FARES FROM BOMBAY TO EUROPE.
TO LONDON.
1st Saloon.

	A	B	U	D
Single	282	282	172	162
Return	121	144	286	108

2nd Saloon.

	K	B
Single	162	156
Return	94	89

TO MARSEILLES.
1st Saloon.

	A	B	U	D
Single	254	274	160	156
Return	147	180	116	108

2nd Saloon.

	K	B
Single	152	24
Return	81	81

NEW THIRD CLASS CABIN FARES TO EUROPE.

	Single	Return
London	£53	£82
Marseilles	25	40

Return tickets home 3rd Cabin and out 1st or 2nd Saloon can be arranged.

OUTWARDS 1931.
The "MOLDAVIA", 16,348 tons, carrying first saloon and third cabin passengers leaves London 18th and Marseilles 20th March due Bombay April 3rd.
The "Strathnaver", a new Steamer of 21,100 tons will call at Bombay on her Outward Voyage in October next year carrying First Saloon and Third Cabin passengers.
BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS BOMBAY TO PORT SAID AND PLYMOUTH WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT PORT SUDAN, MALTA and/or TANGIER.

Date. About	Steamers.	Tons.
Nov. 29th	DUMANA ¥	9,457
Dec. 13th	DOMALA ¥	9,438
1931. Mar. 28th	DUMANA ¥	9,457
Apl. 11th	DOMALA ¥	9,438

SHIPPING.

These are Steam and Motor Mail ships. Fares as follows:—
Bombay to Plymouth.

	A	B	C
Single	£64	£62	£58
Return	£118	£109	£84

P. & O. SAILINGS TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN AND AUSTRALIA.

Date about		
Nov. 7	Mooltan	Colombo and Australia.
15	Mirzapore*	Straits, China and Japan.
21	Ranchi	Colombo, China and Japan.
Dec. 5	Maloja	Colombo and Australia.
12	Malwa	Colombo, China and Japan.
1931. Jan. 2	Narkunda	Colombo and Australia.
16	Malwa	Colombo, China and Japan
30	Narkunda	Colombo and Australia.
Feb. 13	Rawalpindi	Colombo, China and Japan
27	Mooltan	Colombo and Australia.

*Cargo only
HOLIDAY EXCURSION TICKETS TO AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.
Holiday Excursion Return Tickets can be issued in the First Saloon only. Period of availability 16 weeks, sailings approximately every month. Fares £74 to £100.
BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS TO AFRICA, KARACHI, PERSIAN GULF, TUTICORIN, COLOMBO, MADRAS, CALCUTTA AND RANGOON.

Oct.		
31st	Vasna	K'chi, Bushire, Mohammerah & Basrah.
Nov. 1st 9 a.m	Chakla	Karachi via Porebunder Dwarka and C'Mandvi
3rd	Vita	Karachi via Porebunder Cutch Mandvi and Port Okha. 10 a.m.
5th	Barjora	K'chi & Persian Gulf Ports. Via Verawal & Mangrole 3-30 p.m.
5th	Khandalla	East and South Africa via M. Goa.

There will be sailings to Karachi on Wednesdays, Thurs.-Friday every week. The departure of the Karachi Gulf mail on Thursday or Friday is dependent upon the arrival of the inward English mail.
Local passengers for Karachi can only proceed by Thurs.-Friday sailings when accommodation is not required for passengers ex. the P. & O. Mail Steamers or through passengers to Basrah.
Terms and Rates of Freights and Passage may be arranged with MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO., Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.

Western India
LIFE INSURANCE CO., LTD.
Satara City.
PRE-EMINENT among INDIAN COMPANIES at the age of 13, Fourth Valuation at the end of 1926.

UNSURPASSED BONUS	
Bonus per W. Life	1000 p. a. End
Rs. 22-1/2	Rs. 18

Strongest Reserves ! !
(1) Life Assurance Fund, Rs. 10,64,993.
(2) Total undivided Reserve Rs. 3,42,170.
RATIO of (2) to (1) 32 per cent.
NO OTHER COMPANY in INDIA can show EQUAL RESULTS.
For Agency and other particulars, please apply.

FREE GIFT!
DIARY-1931
336 pages—one day a page
Apply with Four Annas postage stamps
Kaivaidya Narayanji Keshavji,
177, Harison Road, Calcutta.

SHIPPING.

N. Y. K. LINE
FOR COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, CHINA AND JAPAN.
FOR COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, CHINA AND JAPAN.

Steamers.	Tons.	Arrive	Leave
xTango Maru	6893	30 Oct.	13 Nov.
KamoMaru	8000	...	@19Nov
*Tottori Maru ..	5973	15 Nov.	27 Nov.
Katori Maru ..	10000	...	@2 Dec
*Yamagata Maru ..	3807	20 Nov.	2 Dec.
xIyo Maru.	5961	30 Nov.	14 Dec.
Kashima Maru ..	10000	...	@16Dec.
Yasukuni Maru ..	12000	...	@28Dec.
*Calcutta Maru ..	5339	16 Dec.	28 Dec.
xKaga Maru ..	5860	30 Dec.	13 Jan.
Hakone Maru ..	10500	...	@13 Jan

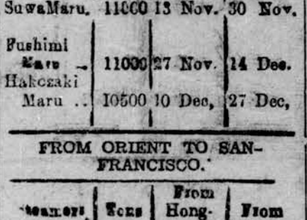
*Do not carry passengers.
x Calls at Colombo.
(a) From Colombo.
FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON.

Steamers	Tons	Leave Colombo	Arrive Marseilles.
SuwaMaru.	11000	13 Nov.	30 Nov.
Fushimi Maru .. Hakozaki Maru ..	11000	27 Nov.	14 Dec.
	10500	10 Dec.	27 Dec.

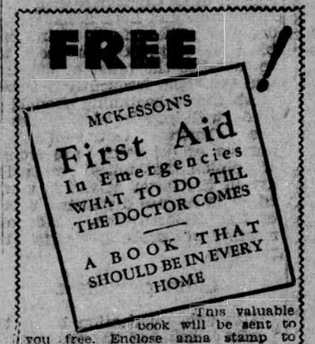
FROM ORIENT TO SAN-FRANCISCO.

Steamers	Tons	From Hongkong	From Kobe
Asama Maru ..	21000	20 Nov.	26 Nov.
Chichibu Maru ..	22000	11 Dec.	17 Dec.
Taiyo Maru ..	22000	21 Dec	28 Dec

Others are Orient-Seattle South-American (East and West Coast) and Japan, Australia Services.
Reduced combined through fares.
Cheapest Round the World Tour rates and other fares, full particulars on which are furnished on application to:
NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA, Canada Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.
'Phone Nos. 20279 and 22732.
Telegrams: "YUSEN."

Zig Zag
CIGARETTE PAPERS
IN THE HANDY PACKING
Each paper you take leaves the next ready Semi-transparent Absolutely pure. Crisp as a Bank-note but thin as gossamer. Zig-Zag makes a better cigarette more easily.
The Best in the Papers


1 pill taken 2 hours before supper, restores manly power and gives vigour to the system. If taken for three days, positively removes Spermatorrhoea. If 2 bottles are taken continuously sure to remove IMPOTENCY.
1 bottle of 30 pills, Rupees TWO. Hon. Col. D. Dawes Pelley, Bart, B.A., M.D., LL.D., Ph.D., B.M.S., Principal "Eclectic Medical College, MADRAS. Writes:—"BEE-BUND" which I tried to several of my patients has given utmost satisfaction in completely eradicating all sorts of impotency.
ARYA VAIDYASRAMAM
3, BYRAGIMATAM ST., MADRAS.

FREE


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Auction Sales.

Messrs. VORA & Co.
AUCTIONEERS
62, Medows Street, Fort.
Tel. No. 22064.

AUCTION SALE TO-DAY (FRIDAY) the 31st inst., at 2 p.m. (S. T.) of very valuable teak and black wood, furniture fire-proof safes, gramophone, records, E. lamp, glass and panel door almyrahs, silver show cases, Jacobean side board dinner wagon, cabinets, glassware, crockery, etc., etc., at our above show room.

AUCTION SALE on (SUNDAY) the 2nd inst. at 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) of very valuable teak and blackwood dinning, drawing and bed room Jacobean and plain artistic furniture made by well known makers, glass and panel door almyrahs, silver show case. Jacobean side board, dinner wagon, cabinets, gramophones, records, E. lamps, harmonium, singer sewing machines, Douglas motor cycle, Woolesley motor car, Standard motor car, 1 pair stuffs Leopords, 1 stuff eligator, 1 large lion skin, etc., etc., at Chapsey Terrace, Altamount Road, Khambala Hill.
VORA & CO.

J. S. MODY & CO.
AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY SITUATE AT JAMBULWADI STREET, KALBADEVI.
Under instructions from Messrs. Vachha & Co., attorneys for Mr. Thakersey Dhanji and his wife Bai Anand the Mortgagees and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagors Krishnaji Lalji, Atmaram Krishnaji, Dinanath Krishnaji, Bhagwandas Krishnaji and Bhimji Krishnaji, under the power of sale reserved to the Mortgagees by an Indenture of Mortgage dated 23rd March 1925, made between Lalji Ranchhod and Krishnaji Lalji of the one part and Nagindas Manmohandas and others of the other part and Further Charge dated 23rd April 1927 made between the aforesaid Mortgagors of the one part and Nagindas Manmohandas and others of the other part and Transfer of Mortgage and Further Charge dated 7th December 1928, made between Nandubai widow and others of the first part, the Mortgagors of the second part and the Mortgagees of the third part, Messrs. J. S. MODY & CO., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction on the premises THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 31st day of October, 1930 at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) the undermentioned property.

SCHEDULE.
All that piece or parcel of land of Pension and Tax tenure containing by admeasurement 260 square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 474, New No. 2462, Old Survey No. 12/1791 and New Survey No. 1/23 and Cadastral Survey No. 12, Bhuleshwar Division together with the messuage, tenements or dwelling house standing thereon assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under C Ward Nos. 1779-1780 and Street Nos. 22-24 and all which premises are situate at and on the North side of the Jambulwadi Street at Bombay in the registration sub-district of Bombay.
For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Vachha & Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagees, at their office at Yusuf Building, Church Gate Street, Fort, or to the undersigned.
J. S. MODY & CO.,

AMERICAN COTTON EXCHANGES
SHORT SELLING ON REACTION THEORY.
Southern Hedge Selling Reappears

Bombay, Oct. 30.
As anticipated yesterday American Cotton markets were flooded with selling orders. Mills who were reported buying cotton withdrew and the markets were called upon increased short selling on reaction theory as well as some Southern Hedge selling. This process caused a sharp setback in the prices and the markets closed easy. The New York Cotton futures market fluctuated within a range of 17 points and finally closed at a decline of 18 to 22 points. Spot Cotton prices were reduced 20 points to 11-45c.
The New Orleans Cotton futures market also ruled easy and closed at a decline of 19 to 21 points. Spot Cotton prices declined 20 points to 11.10c.
The Liverpool Cotton futures market opened quiet at a rise of 8 points against an expected improvement of 11 points. There was heavy long liquidation and the market after recording a further decline closed at a rise of 1 point. Middling American Spot Cotton prices advanced 13 points to 6.39 and sales amounted to 6000 Bales.
Empire Cotton futures closed at a rise of 1 point with January 6.12 and March 6.23, Egyptian Cotton market was easy and closed at a decline of 5 to 7 points.

WEEKLY WEATHER REPORT.
The official report, issued yesterday, states that rains have delayed picking and ginning in the western part of the belt. The crop in Texas is mostly gathered, except in the extreme west and north-west. In Carolina a large percentage of crop is also gathered.

PRIVATE CABLES.
N. Y. January Highest 11.66 (12-56 p.m.) Lowest 11.49 (10-55 a.m.)
Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cables from their Liverpool Agents cabled on 29th inst. as under:—
11-50 a.m.:—Shorts covering and Continent buying in the Liverpool market. The market eased on long realizing and weaker Egyptian.
3-40 p.m.:—Weekly Government Weather Report: Picking delayed by rains.

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN MARKETS.
Liverpool May (Expected) equal 6.41
Broach A/M. (Expected) Rs. 209/ equal 4.74
Difference 167 pts. equal Rs. 73/
New York May (Close) 11.96 equal 5.98
Broach A/M. (Expected) Rs. 209/ equal 4.74
Difference 124 pts. equal Rs. 54/
Liverpool New York.
(At Liverpool close) Jan. 89, May 86 (American points.)
Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:
New York. Poor outside support at advancing prices. Hedge sales increased. Considerable profit taking.
Reuter:—"Market was easier on decreased buying influenced by selling on reaction theory and Southern hedge selling."

LIVERPOOL WHEAT QUOTATIONS.
—:o:—
Liverpool, Oct. 23.
October Close at 5/10s. 1/2d. 5/8d. Up.
December Close at 5/9s. 3/8d. 1/2d. Up.
March Close at 5/9s. 1/4d. 1/8d. Up.
Wheat Chicago Close:—
December per bushel dol. 78 1/3—1 1/4
March per bushel dol. 82 1/4—1 1/8
May per bushel dol. 83 4/3—1
Argentine Linseed Quotations:—
November 14.35.5 Up.
February 13.05.10 Up.

INDIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, Oct. 29.

Scinde Fully Good	4.05	plus .10
Scinde Fine	4.30	plus .10
Scinde Superfine	4.40	plus .10
Bengal good	3.80	plus .10
Bengal Fully Good	4.05	plus .10
Bengal Fine	4.30	plus .10
Oomra Good	4.00	plus .10
Oomra Fully Good	4.30	plus .10
Oomra Fine	4.60	plus .10
Broach Fully Good	4.65	plus .10
Broach Fine	4.90	plus .10
Broach Superfine	5.15	plus .10

NEW YORK COTTON.
New York, Oct. 29.

December	11.38	—.18
January	11.55	—.23
Dec. (New Contract)	11.39	—.18
Jan. New Contract	11.54	—.21
Mar. New Contract	11.74	—.18
May New Contract	11.97	—.19
July New Contract	12.14	—.18
Middling Spot	11.45	—.20

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.
New York, Oct. 29.

December	11.35	—.19
January	11.46	—.21
Middling Spot	11.10	—.20

NEW YORK.
New York, Oct. 29.
New York 10-55 a.m. (as known in Liverpool at closing time).
Oct (New Contract) Unquoted
Jan (New Contract) 11.79
March (New Contract) 12.02
New York 11 a.m.
Oct (New Contract) 11.55
Jan (New Contract) 11.79
March (New Contract) 12.02

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.
New York, Oct. 29.

	Bales
Day's Receipts at all U S Ports	52,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	6,000
Day's Exports to the Continent	8,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON.
Liverpool, Oct. 29.

	Opening	Closing
October	6.15	6.10
November		6.11 plus .01
December		6.13
January	6.26	6.22 plus .01
February		6.26 plus .01
March	6.39	6.34 plus .01
April		6.38 plus .01
May	6.50	6.44 plus .01
June		6.48 plus .01
July	6.61	6.54 plus .01
August		6.57 plus .01
September		6.60 plus .01
October		6.64
Middling Spot		6.39 plus .13

LIVERPOOL COTTON SALES.
Liverpool, Oct. 29.

	Bales
Sales at Liverpool	6,000
Sales on Speculation	100
Sales of East Indian Cotton	100

EGYPTIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, Oct. 29.

November	9.11	—.05
December	9.17	—.05
January	9.20	—.05
March	9.35	—.07
May	9.52	—.07
July	9.69	—.07
Sakellaridis F G F Spot	10.05	plus .10

—:o:—
LONDON SILVER.
London Oct. 29.
Silver.—Market is quietly steady.

Spot	16-1/2
Forward	16-1/2

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.
London, Oct. 29.
Interest, Day to Day Loans 1-1/2 per cent.
Interest 7 Days' Market Loans 1-7/8 per cent.
Bank Bills, 3 months 2-1/16 per cent.
Bank Bills 6 months 2-1/4 per cent.
Fine Trade Bills, 3 months 3 1/4 per cent.
Fine Trade Bills, 6 months 3-3/4 per cent.

LONDON EXCHANGES.
London, Oct. 29.
T T London on Berlin 20.38-3.3.
T T London on Amsterdam 12.06
T T London on Brussels 34.35.
T T London on Madrid 44.01.
T T London on Milan 92.80.
T T London on Berne 25.03.
T T London on Paris 123.83.
T T London on Prague 165.78.

LONDON PRODUCE.
London, Oct. 29.
Cottonseed, Bombay, ton.—
Dec. Jan. quoted £5-5.
Castorseed, Bombay, ton.—
Oct. Nov. sellers £12-17-6.
Rapeseed, Toria, ton.—
Oct. Nov. sellers £11.

LINSEED.
London, Oct. 29.
Linseed, Calcutta, ton.—
Oct. Nov. sellers £13-15.
Linseed, Calcutta, ton.—
Nov. Dec. sellers £13-15.
Linseed, La Plata, c.i.f. ton.—
Oct. Nov. sellers £11-17-6.
Linseed, Bombay, ton.—
Oct. Nov. sellers £14-12-6.

LINSEED OIL.
London, Oct. 29.
Linseed Oil, naked, cwt.—
Nov. Dec. sellers 24|4-1|2.
Linseed Oil, naked, cwt.—
Jan. Apl. sellers 23|7-1|2.

LONDON METALS.
London, Oct. 29.
Copper Braziers, £56-1|2.
Yellow Metal £46.
Spelter, Hard Indian Brands £12-3|4.
Corrugated Sheets 24 gauge £15-5|8.
Tin English Ingots £120-1|4.

AEG Typewriters
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Choice of 5 line spacing
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Punka Protector
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Indo Balm
RELIEVES ALL PAINS
KARNIK BROS. AGUE MIXTURE DEPOT. GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
Bombay, Oct. 30.
3 1/2 per cent Rupee Paper Rs. 65
4 per cent Conversion Loan due 1931-36 Rs. 90/6
4 per cent Loan due 1934-37 Rs. 89/4
4 per cent Loan due 1960/70 Rs. 73/12
4 1/2 per cent Bonds due 1934 Rs. 95/4
4 1/2 per cent Loan due 1955-60 Rs. 82/12
5 per cent War Loan due 1929-47 Rs. 94/14
5 per cent Loan due 1935 Rs. 96/5
5 per cent Loan due 1939-44 Rs. 94/6
5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1933 Rs. 100/4
5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1945-55 Rs. 101/7
6 per cent. Bonds (Tax Free) due 1931 Rs. 101-2
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1932 Rs. 102/2
6 per cent. Bonds (Tax Free) due 1933-36 Rs. 101/6.
6 1/2 per cent Bombay Development Loan (Tax Free) due 1935 Rs. 105.
4 per cent Port Trust due 1974 Rs. 72/8
4 per cent Improvement Trust due 1974 Rs. 71/8
4 per cent Municipal due 1974 Rs. 71/8
5 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1959 Rs. 88
6 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1954 Rs. 100/8
6 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1950-60 Rs. 100/14

FORWARD RATES.
3rd November settlement.
3-1/2 per cent Rupee Paper Rs. 64/15/0 5 per cent. 1945-55 Rs. 101 6/0
Tone of market: Very steady.

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JUPITER GENERAL
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J7

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY FRIDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1930.

JUPITER GENERAL
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J8

BOMBAY OBSERVES COMPLETE HARTAL.

Markets And Mills Closed On Thursday In Honour Of Jawaharlal

Complete hartal was observed in Bombay on Thursday owing to the conviction of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru. All principal shops from Charni Road to Dhobi Talao, and from Pydhoni to Kalbadevi and elsewhere were closed. The markets such as cotton, bullion, seeds, shares, securities and cloth, were entirely closed for the day.

In the mill area some of the mills opened in the morning, but after the noon recess most of the mills remained closed, when the workers came to know of the conviction of Pandit Jawaharlal.

COTTON MARKETS OBSERVE HARTAL.

Bombay, Oct. 30.

The forward and ready cotton markets observed hartal owing to the conviction of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru. Among the offices which remained closed on Thursday were the following:—

The Office of the Marwadi Chamber of Commerce, Ltd.

The Hindustani Native Merchants' Association.

The Market of the Grain Merchants' Association.

The Bombay Shroff Association.

Fisherwomen Observe Hartal

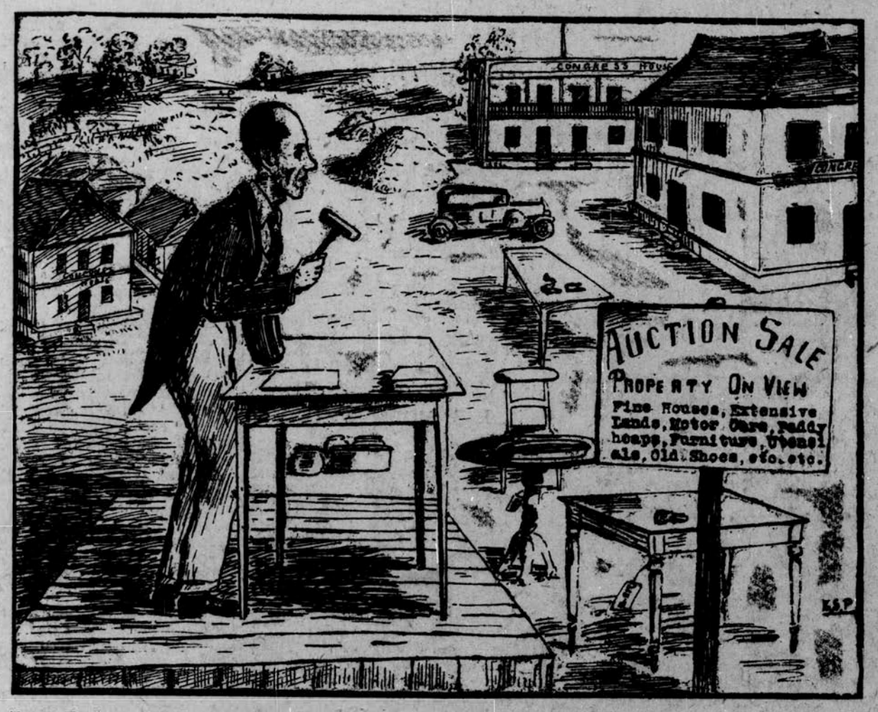
—:o:—

As a protest against the savage sentence passed on Jawaharlal Nehru a hartal was observed by fisher women on Thursday.

Complete Hartal At Ahmedabad

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 30.

Complete hartal was observed in the city to-day as a protest against the conviction and sentence of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Congress President. All mills were closed.—A. P.



Auctioner Irwin: Consfiscated property going dirt cheap. No bids yet. Come forward and have it for a tuppence.

POONA DAY BY DAY.

CONGRESS ACTIVITIES IN MAHARASHTRA.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

POONA, Oct. 28.

A second public meeting was held on Sunday on the Reay Market grounds under the auspices of the City Congress Committee. Mr. K. G. Pashankar addressed the meeting on the present situation and though it was not very largely attended and though there were no lighting arrangements, the people listened quietly and the meeting was successfully held.

At Saswad in Poona district the boycott week was held with great enthusiasm and for seven days meetings and processions were held. Mr. N. V. Gadgil and Mr. Pashankar addressed a public meeting there on the occasion of the closing ceremony of the week. The people of the villages are taking to Swadeshi.

Much sensation was caused when some merchants were asked by the Cantonment authorities to quit the limits of Kirkee when the military was asked not to go to some merchants and doctors of Kirkee. It is said that all this was due to the suspicion that the persons participated in the movement. They have, however, written to the Police authorities about the matter and for the present, the order to quit has been suspended. The names of some of the persons are, Dr. Hardikar, Mr. Manilal Lallubhai, Nagindas Lilachand, Shankar Lingayya, Dindayal and Sons.

DEMONSTRATIONS ON NOV. 12.

It is understood that the leaders of Maharashtra are holding a meeting in Bombay on the 2nd of Nov. to settle the future work. For the present, it is learnt that the 12th of Nov. is to be observed as a black flag day as a protest against the R. T. Conference beginning in London on that day. Some of the released leaders are making efforts to see it observed in the whole of Maharashtra as was the Independence Day after the Lahore Congress. The leaders' meeting will be one of the most important and its decisions are certainly looked forward to with hope and enthusiasm.

MONSOON STILL

For the last three days, it has been raining here for hours together. Though Diwali has passed, the rains have not stopped and people are afraid that the unseasonable showers are causing damage to the crops.

The Sharadiya Lecture Series has been going on for the last month in the Sanatan Dharma Karyalaya. The lectures were delivered by men like Mr. Kelkar, Prof. Sashasrabudhe and others and they were on mainly religious and social subjects.

In the defamation suit brought by Mr. Pai of Goa against "The Sanpama" of Poona, the editor of the paper has tendered apology and paid Rs. 200/- to Mr. Pai for his expenses.

The G. I. P. Railway Men's Union held a meeting on Sunday last near the Railway station under the presidentship of Mr. N. V. Gadgil and a resolution was passed protesting against the Railway authorities not re-admitting into service the strikers.

Rao Saheb Deshpande performed the ceremony of naming the last mill behind the Fergusson College as the Hanuman Hill and it has been decided to place an ideal of Maruti there. People have been visiting that hill since 1887.

PROF. EINSTEIN IN LONDON

—:o:—

"Great Among Great Men", Says G. B.

LONDON, Oct. 30.

Rugby.—Professor Einstein, propounder of the theory of relativety, was the guest of honour at a London dinner over which Mr. Bernard Shaw presided last night.

Mr. Shaw described him as "a great man, great among great men" who had not only raised wonderful problems, but had also begun to solve them. Referring to Jewish communities throughout the world was the barometer of the moral standard in the political world and to-day that barometer stood very low.

But even the depression confirmed him in the conviction that the preservation and consolidation of the community was their duty. There had been disappointments in recent years and even recent days, but he advised his fellow Jews not to bemoan the hardness of fate, but remember that they would not have survived as a community through the centuries if they had a bed of roses.—B. O. W.

P. & O. S. N. Co's Final Dividend.

LONDON, Oct. 29.

The Peninular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company has declared the final dividend of five per cent. tax-free, making ten per cent. for the year compared with 12 per cent. for the previous year.—Reuter.

AMENDMENT TO ADDRESS.

—:o:—

Tory M. Ps. Fear Of Usurpation Of Power Of House

LONDON, Oct. 30.

Conservative members of the Commons, Mr. Locker Lampson and Comdr. Bellairs, have submitted a amendment to the address regretting that the King's speech did not mention the Simon Commission and the dangers that the Round Table Conference will usurp powers and authority of the House of Commons.—Reuter.

A Calcutta Hoax

—:o:—

CALCUTTA, Oct. 29.

In connection with the explosive thrown on the house of Deputy Commissioner Robertson this morning, it is now ascertained that it was an ordinary cracker that was thrown. It is suspected that the act was done by some dismissed servants. No one has been arrested.—A. P.

KING'S "MIGHTY MACHINE INSULTED AND DEFIED".

Lord Lloyd's Lamentation.

LONDON, Oct. 29.

In an all-round criticism of of Government, Lord Lloyd addressing the St. Georges Conservative Association said as regards India they had watched the mighty machine of the King's Government insulted and openly defied. The sedition which if handled promptly would only have affected a small minority had grown to rather larger proportions by misgovernment and weak handling. "India stands to lose far more by disorder and sedition than ever we do," he concluded.—Reuter.

Birla Women Hospital Opened

RANCHI, Oct. 29.

The Governor, in performing the opening ceremony of the Birla Women's Hospital this morning, referred to Lord Irwin's visit to Ranchi and expressed gratefulness to Raja Baldeo Das Birla for enabling His Excellency to put up a memorial worthy of the Viceroy's visit. His Excellency said that the greatest obstacles to improving the existing hospitals or building new ones was the difficulty of providing for increased recurring expenditure, and he hoped that Ranchi would show itself worthy of the hospital by a list of subscribers that would relieve the Committee of all anxiety regarding the maintenance of the hospital.—A. P.

Inspector Castellari Acquitted: Sgt. Sandy's Sentence Reduced

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 30.

In acquitting Inspector Castellari of the charge of criminal breach of trust, the Sessions Judge remarked that circumstantial evidence did not at best go beyond raising a suspicion against him and he gave him the benefit of doubt. As regards Sergeant Sandys, the co-accused, he not only committed the theft but attempted to get out of its consequences by making Castellari responsible for it. However, the judge altered the charge from one of theft to that of receiving stolen property and reduced his sentence from nine to six months' rigorous imprisonment.—A. P.

Whiteley Commission In Rangoon

RANGOON, Oct. 30.

The Whitley Commission arrived Rangoon from Prome this morning completing Upper Burma tour and commences sitting here this afternoon. During the halt at Nyaupghla, the Commission inspected the B. O. C. hospital at Yenangyaung and examined the representatives of Burma Oil Company and Mr. Pat'le, I. C. S., warden of the oil fields. The Chairman and Mrs. Whitley with some members are staying at Government House.—A. P.

Mondady's General Meeting Of British Indian Delegates.

—:o:—

BENN'S "SPECIAL EFFORTS" TO KNOW DELEGATES VIEWPOINTS.

MANY PRICES TO SUPPORT DOMINION STATUS CLAIM

LONDON, Oct. 29.

With the practical completion of the Round Table Conference personnel by November 1 (as mentioned yesterday) the first general meeting of the British Indian delegation will occur on 3rd November. Those already in London have not had many opportunities for discussion of the various issues likely to come before the Conference. Some prominent leaders however, have had lengthy interviews with Mr. Benn who has made special efforts to acquaint himself, at first-hand, with the view-points of Indian delegates.

As far as the Indian Princes are concerned it is confidently believed that many will support the claim for Dominion Status provided certain guarantees are given regarding matters relating to succession and non-intervention on the part of the Central Government in the internal administration of States. Meetings of the States delegation at St. James' Palace are expected to result in the emergence of concrete proposals before the Conference commences its formal work next month. The meeting of British Indian delegates on 3rd November will, of course, be of an informal character and if group conversations are any indication of the trend of opinion, discussions will centre on the procedure and agenda of the conference.

LEAGUE EXAMPLE TO BE FOLLOWED?

It is understood that all questions such as publicity and procedure will be left to the Conference for decision, but there is likelihood that it will generally follow the example of the League of Nations. Mr. MacDonald is spoken of as Chairman with Mr. Henderson and Lord Sankey as deputies. The first main problem before the Conference will be to settle the order of business, and the topic frequently discussed is whether a beginning shouuld be made with provincial affairs or the Central Government. A number of delegates are srongly of opinion that unless responsibility in the latter sphere is assured, it is no use discussing details of the Constitution. Monday's meeting will probably clarify the position.

QUIET OPTIMISM.

Although, publication by the "Daily Herald" of the forecast of the Government of India's despatch on the Simon report has given rise to unfavourable comments in the Opposition press, and these have led many delegates to ask whether they represent Conservative opinion, the general mood mayy be described as one of the quiet optimism that the claim for Dominion Status cannot be resisted if preceded by agreement on the problems of Indian States and minorities. It is understood that a request has been made to the India Office to supply copies of despatches of the Government of India and the Provincial Governments on the Simon report to the delegates. Reuter is reliably informed that arrangements are being made for simultaneous publication of the despatch immediately after the inauguration of the Conference.—Reuter.

R--101 DISASTER ENQUIRY

—:o:—

Trial Flight That Proved Satisfactory.

WHAT LORD THOMSON HAD SAID ABOUT EARLY FLIGHT

LONDON, Oct. 29.

Air Vice-Marshal Dowding, reporting on the trial flight, mentioned trouble with two reversing engines. Sir W. Jowitt declared that Lord Thomson never knew that the trial was going to be under 24 hours' duration as was originally contemplated. When the Wing-Commander Colmore suggested that the flight to India should begin on Saturday evening, Lord Thompson said: "You mus not allow your judgment to be swayed by my natural anxiety to get off quickly." Mr. Dowding suggested to Mr. Colmore that as the airship had not had the full-power test during the trial, she should have one near home on an actual flight, so that she could return if necessary. Sir W. Jowitt emphasised that although Lord Thomson put considerable pressure regarding time, neither Flight-Lieutenant Irwin, nor Major Scott or Mr. Colmore suggested that the flight to India should be delayed or further tests made. All three were most satisfied with the trial flight, and had expressed the opinion that the airship was more manageable after alteration than before.

Sir W. Jowitt stated that the height of the airship before the crash could not have been below 1100 feet. He read a statement of the survivor Mr. Church who died, stating that the moment before the crash he received an order to release the halfton of emergency water ballast but the crash came before he could do so. He (Sir W. Jowitt) stated that the microscopic tests indicated that the cable controlling elevator broke after the fire. Experts had reported that no part of the main structure of the airship broke in the air.—Reuter.

MR. BRAILSFORD TOURS BORSAD TALUKA

Interviews Political Prisoners.

(From A Correspondent.)

BORSAD, Oct. 28.

Mr. Brailsford and Miraben visited Borsad Taluka on Sunday and Monday last. They first of all arrived at Dhundakuva Camp (Vijaynagar) Mr. Brailsford took to snap of the peasants along with their huts. Then he attended a meeting held in Kavitha of 7 villages surrounding the place. He then took the statements in that meeting of the people of Vihra who alleged they were beaten by the police and the Mamlatdar. He also took the statement of a man of the Baroda territory whose car was attached. Though the villages were evacuated the people flocked in good number to receive him. Then he left Kavitha for another meeting. At this meeting he took statement of the people beaten, volunteers belaboured at the time of the police raid, and such other people who were handed roughly by the police. The police were angry with the people (volunteers) of Sunav because they have this year picketed the fair which was annually held at Piplad as a result of which there was no fair this year. At Sunav he saw the whole village which was completely deserted. He also saw the sealed camp. And the whole house of a man which was sealed because he has given only one room for the use of Satyagrah Camp. Mr. Brailsford questioned the people beaten whether they have paid up the land tax after beating or not? In many a case they replied "We are not going to pay even though killed".

MONDAY'S TOUR.

He proceeded in the morning to Joshi Kava Camp where he took some statement, including those of women. Mr. Brailsford also took down the statement of a man who narrated the story of how Bodal, a place nearby, was rushed by the police, breaking open the locks and how they attached the properly (carts bullocks, corn, etc.) the receipt of which was not given.

AT RAS.

After Joshi Kava he visited Ras Camp (Bapunagar) a place where repression is at the hightest point Here he took the statement of the people who were very severely beaten and insulted. Two Baraiyas here stated that they are advised by a revenue official to become bankrupt, not paying a pie to the "Shahukars". One man who was severely beaten and kept in lock up for 36 hours without food also gave his statement. The Patidars stated that they are actually in danger of their life and property. Then he vivited Ras village which was without a single soul, saw the sealed Satyagraha Camp where Bapuji had stopped at the time of his march which is at present used as temporary police Thana. He then saw the attached cart fulll of corn, bullocks and other attached property. Inspite of the severel repression Ras is enthusiastic of the Patidars. After Ras he visited Bochasan Camp at 1 where he took statement of the Daraias of the neighbouring villages whom the Mamlatdar had asked to become bankrupt, harrass the Patidars and buy the confiscated land at 1 acre per rupee.

AT BORSAD.

About 4 p.m. he visited Borsad. The people have flocked in numbers to receive him. He first of all saw the sealed camp with police inside and drove directly to the office of the Mamlatdar. The people flocked in numbers to see him in the Court compound which was cleared after a lathi charge. This he and Miraben saw personally. Mr. Brailsford saw Mr. Mohanlal the Mamlatdar who talked with him in an indifferent manner. The Sub-Inspector moreover took down the names of all the occupants of the car in which Mr. Brailsford was travelling.

IN BORSAD JAIL.

After that by permission of the Superintendent he visited the Borsad jail where he interviewed the political prisoners. They all complained of the treatment, food. About the arrangement for calls of nature, about the ventilaism, about not allowing them to come out of the room, about medical treatment, etc. Mr. Chhotabhai the Thandar of Ras who was severely beaten by the police thrice gave his statement. He saw Darbar Saheb"s Son. Wiring to the Collector he left for Ahmedabad at 6-30 p.m.

KAIRA'S "DICTATOR"

—:o:—

Darbar Gopaldas' Wife

(From A Correspondent.)

BORSAD, Oct. 28.

Bhakti-lakshmi, the wife of Darbar Gopaldas has been nominated "Dictator" of Kaira District, succeeding Mr. Dadubhai Desai ex-M. L. C. already jailed. When she goes to prison, she will have with her son aged 7 months.

Pt. Ram Dahinoja Gets 5 Months' S. I.

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 30.

Pandit Ram Dahinoja, Member of All-India Congress Committee, has been sentenced at Ballia to five months' simple imprisonment and Rs. 50 fine. Four Congress workers have been sentenced at Banda to nine months rigorous imprisonment and Rs. 100 fine each for picketing liquor and excise shops.

KANAUJ ARRESTS.

Fifteen Congress workers of Kanauj District were arrested on the 26th instant.—A. P.

—:o:—

SATYAGRAHA ACTIVITIES IN NADIAD.

—:o:—

PLIGHT OF PRISONERS.

(From a Correspondent.)

NADIAD, Oct. 28.

After the declaration of Kaira Congress Committee as illegal, the Kapadvanj Congress Committee used to function on an open plot under an umbrella with a national flag hoisted on it together with a card-board bearing the title of the Taluka Samiti. Great awakening has come upon the people here by this novel method.

During Diwali holidays, contraband salt was manufactured and sold, and also the proscribed literature and copies of the "Police Bulletin" were freely and widely distributed.

Owing to picketing, crackers were not purchased, and hence very little business was done. On New Year's Day, 14 Congressmen for picketing liquor shops, etc., were arrested by the police. Before their arrest they were submitted to a 'lathi' charge. They were removed to the temporary jail.

PLIGHT OF PRISONERS.

In one barrack, twenty prisoners are huddled together. As there is no urinal, they have to pass their urine in a cup and then throw it outside from the latticed window. They feel great difficulty at night. They are not allowed to bathe. Only half an hour is allowed to them for cleaning teeth and answering calls of nature.

As there are only three latrines, the time is not sufficient. One prisoner asked for water to wash his hands and feet, but he was not given. It is but natural that the religious feelings of Hindus are hurt thereby. They are locked in for the whole day and are not well attended to. They are treated worse than criminals.

The case of the 14 arrested persons is to come up before the First Class Magistrate on the 3rd proximo. As a protest a hartal was observed and a procession was taken ou through the main thoroughfares.

—:o:—

ATTACHED ARTICLES

—:o:—

A Private Sale!

(From A Correspondent.)

DHANDHUKA, Oct. 29.

The attached goods of Sardar Pandyaji were disposed off yesterday by private sale for Rs. 10/ only. Early morning the Ranpur Sub-Inspector had announced a public auction of the goods by beat of drums. But no one from the public went to buy or bid in the auction. Sardar Devi Behn was present in Ranpur and the Ranpur Sub-Inspector evidently thought that even if he held the auction with the help of some three or four of his police and two to three 'friends' picketing would be resorted to. So he decided to hold a private auction. The arrangement of this strange procedure are stranger still. Three Mohamedans agreed to pay Rs. 10/ among themselves, but refused to take in the goods. So the Ranpur Fozdar is reported to have kept the goods its his own house as before and declared that the auction has been held privately.

Printed and published for the "Bombay Chronicle" Company Ltd., by SORABJI PALONJI K.S PADIA, and edited by SYED ABDULLAH BRELVI of the "Bombay Chronicle" Press, Wadi Building, Old Custom House Road Bombay.